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Midwest Reliability Organization

2023 Draft Business Plan and Budget

Approved by MRO Board of Directors:

CLARITY Outreach & Engagement

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Introduction

The following table summarizes the 2023 Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO) budget.

TOTAL RESOURCES (in whole dollars)											
	2023 Budget	U.S.	Canada	Mexico							
Statutory FTEs	77.99										
Non-statutory FTEs											
Total FTEs	77.99										
Statutory Expenses	\$ 22,833,969										
Non-Statutory Expenses	\$-										
Total Expenses	\$ 22,833,969										
Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$ 248,500										
Non-Statutory Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$-										
Total Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$ 248,500										
Assessment Stabilization Adjustment	\$ (2,575,194)										
Non-Statutory Stabilization Adjustment											
Total Assessment Stabilization Adjustment	\$ (2,575,194)										
Total Statutory Funding Requirement	\$ 20,507,276										
Total Non-Statutory Funding Requirement	\$ -										
Total Funding Requirement	\$ 20,507,276										
Statutory Funding Assessments	\$ 20,507,276	\$ 18,348,010	\$ 2,159,265	-							
Non-Statutory Fees											
NEL	479,196,453	429,545,253	49,651,200	-							
NEL%	100.00%	89.64%	10.36%	0.00%							

Table 1. MRO 2023 Budget

Organizational Overview

MRO is a Delaware nonprofit¹ corporation that is a cross-border Regional Entity² operating under a delegation agreement (Delegation Agreement) with the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC)³ and in accordance with the MRO Bylaws. The MRO region

¹ MRO is tax exempt under Internal Revenue Service Section 501(c)(3) and under applicable State of Minnesota provisions.

² 16 U.S.C. § 824o(a)(7)

³ The Commission certified NERC as the Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) in accordance with Section 215 of the Federal Power Act on July 20, 2006. *N. Am. Elec. Reliability Corp.*, 116 FERC ¶ 61, 062 (2006) ("ERO Certification Order"), *order on reh'g and compliance*, 117 FERC ¶ 61, 126 (2006), *aff'd sub nom. Alcoa Inc. v. FERC*, 564 F.3d 342 (D.C. Cir. 2009).

covers central North America and includes all or portions of 16 states within the United States,⁴ and the Canadian provinces of Saskatchewan and Manitoba. MRO's current Delegation Agreement was approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC)⁵ pursuant to FERC's authority under the Federal Power Act (FPA)⁶ and is effective through December 31, 2025.

MRO's vision is:

"A highly reliable and secure North American bulk power system."

MRO's mission is:

"To identify, prioritize and assure effective and efficient mitigation of risks to the reliability and security of the North American bulk power system by promoting Highly Effective Reliability Organizations[®] (HEROs)."

MRO's vision and mission align with, and support, the Electric Reliability Organization (ERO) Enterprise's⁷ vision and mission.⁸

Further, MRO supports the ERO Enterprise Long-Term Strategy.⁹ Working closely with registered entities and subject matter experts in the region, MRO continually identifies and assesses risks to reliability and security of the regional bulk power system. Region-specific activities to support the direction of the ERO Enterprise and address regional risks are reflected in MRO's 2022-2024 Strategic Plan (MRO Strategic Plan).

In the MRO Strategic Plan, MRO adopted the ERO Enterprise Core Principles¹⁰ to guide its conduct and behaviors.

MRO Core Principles

We are accountable for results, providing clarity and assurance of procedures, processes and controls to improve the reliability of the bulk power system. The following core principles guide our conduct and behavior:

- Accountability
 - o Maintain the public trust in fulfilling responsibilities and use our funding wisely.
 - Act in a timely manner on the basis of facts to address issues related to events, emerging reliability risks, the needs of stakeholders, and the public interest.
- Independence

⁴ The MRO Region covers the states of Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota, North Dakota, and Oklahoma; and portions of Arkansas, Illinois, Louisiana, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, New Mexico, South Dakota, Texas, and Wisconsin.

⁵ Order Conditionally Approving Revised Pro Forma Delegation Agreement and Revised Delegation Agreements with Regional Entities, 173 FERC ¶61,277 (December 2020).

⁶ 16 U.S.C. 824 o (e)(4)

⁷ The ERO Enterprise refers to NERC and the Regional Entities collectively.

⁸ MRO expands upon the ERO Enterprise mission statement *"To assure the effective and efficient reduction of risks to the reliability and security of the grid"* adding the concepts of identifying and prioritizing mitigation of risks and to include the High Reliability Organization (HRO) theory and principles, which MRO brands as "HERO." Although this is not explicitly included in the ERO Enterprise mission statement, NERC also promotes the HRO theory.

⁹ ERO Enterprise Long-Term Strategy as approved by the NERC Board of Trustees December 12, 2019.

¹⁰ MRO made three additions in keeping with the ERO Enterprise Core Principles: 1) the addition of accountability for clarity, assurance, and results; 2) an addition to articulate using funding wisely; and 3) a description of how to strive for operational excellence.

- o Be impartial, objective, fair, and intellectually honest.
- Ensure governance practices that provide both regulatory independence and inclusion of stakeholder expertise to address reliability and security matters.
- Inclusiveness and Transparency
 - Create opportunities for stakeholder engagement.
 - Consider and balance the diverse interests of all stakeholders, including costs imposed to the consumer.
 - Leverage industry expertise and avoid unnecessary duplication.
- Innovation
 - Assess emerging risks and adapt to change.
 - Encourage new ideas and prioritize efforts that contribute to improving productivity and reliable operations.
- Excellence
 - o Strive for operational excellence by being rigorous, accurate, and exacting.
 - Promote the active participation of the best technical experts.
 - Make informed decisions regarding efficient use and allocation of resources.
- Integrity
 - Maintain the highest levels of ethical conduct.
 - Maintain respectful relationships.
 - Protect the security of confidential information.

Membership and Governance

MRO membership¹¹ consists of members and adjunct members. As of April 2022, MRO had 93 members, nine of which are non-voting, adjunct members. Each voting member organization belongs to one of seven industry sectors:

- Transmission System Operator
- Generator and/or Power Marketer
- Investor Owned Utility
- Cooperative
- Municipal Utility
- Federal Power Marketing Agency
- Canadian Utility

MRO's Board of Directors is a hybrid board consisting of a combination of independent and balanced stakeholder board members. The MRO Board consists of 17 stakeholder directors elected by members from the seven industry sectors, plus 4 independent directors and 2 regional directors elected by all members. Pursuant to MRO's Bylaws, no two industry sectors can control a vote. In addition, the board has adopted procedures to ensure it carries out its responsibilities free of conflicts of interest.

The board has three committees that provide functional oversight of MRO's operations:

- Finance and Audit Committee (FAC)
- Governance and Personnel Committee (GPC)
- Organizational Group Oversight Committee (OGOC)

The board has established three advisory councils comprised of stakeholder members:

• Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Advisory Council (CMEPAC)

¹¹ Membership is voluntary and provides members with voting rights. There is no fee for membership.

- Reliability Advisory Council (RAC)
- Security Advisory Council (SAC)

The advisory councils are comprised of industry subject matter experts from MRO member companies tasked with identifying risks to the reliability and security of the regional bulk power system, developing mitigation strategies, and expanding outreach efforts to help registered entities become more aware of and reduce risk to their individual systems. In addition to producing educational material for the region in the form of newsletter articles and webinars, each of the advisory councils is responsible for one major outreach conference annually. The advisory councils also contribute to MRO's annual Regional Risk Assessment.

Each advisory council may have subgroups that it oversees. All organizational group charters are published on MRO's website. Board-approved *Policy and Procedure 3: Establishment, Responsibilities, and Procedures of Organizational Groups and MRO Sponsored Representatives on NERC Organizational Groups sets out the processes for the organizational groups and MRO sponsored NERC Representatives. The three most active subgroups are the NERC Standards Review Forum (NSRF), which meets weekly to discuss ongoing NERC Standards projects, the Protective Relay Subgroup (PRS), which focuses on protection system misoperations and reviews power system events in the Region, and the Security Advisory Council Threat Forum (SACTF), which meets weekly in a trusted forum with Electricity - Information Sharing and Analysis Center (E-ISAC) staff to discuss timely threat information for the power industry.*

The advisory councils also work with MRO staff and the MRO Board's OGOC to interface with NERC technical committees to ensure awareness and avoid duplication of efforts. MRO sponsors staff from member companies to participate in NERC technical committee meetings that are focused on risks most material to the MRO region. MRO reimburses the travel cost for those sponsored representatives, and the representatives report back in to one of MRO's advisory councils. Each sponsored representative is also assigned an MRO staff member to assist with these efforts. MRO also reimburses travel costs associated with participation on MRO organizational groups.

Business Plan and Budget Development

Each year, MRO prepares a Business Plan and Budget for the following calendar year. The Business Plan and Budget takes into account the ERO Enterprise Long-Term Strategy and the MRO Strategic Plan. MRO staff develops the Business Plan and Budget with board and stakeholder input. The Business Plan and Budget process is a coordinated effort with NERC and the other Regional Entities.

NERC and the Regional Entities implement revisions to the Statement of Activities (SOA) report from time-to-time to address compliance with changing accounting standards in accordance with General Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The report is also presented in a fashion that improves the effectiveness of the report to the reader and to provide a total budget amount that more closely reflects the amount of annual revenues required from assessments and other funding sources.

The draft Business Plan and Budget is reviewed by the MRO FAC and the board, and is subsequently posted for stakeholder comment. After consideration of stakeholder comments, but prior to obtaining final approval from its board of directors, MRO seeks NERC input. The MRO Board considers the final version of the Business Plan and Budget at its second quarter meeting, and upon approval, staff submits it to NERC for approval by NERC's Board of

Trustees. Upon approval of NERC's Business Plan and Budget and all six Regional Entities' Business Plans and Budgets, a filing is submitted to FERC for approval, which is typically obtained in October or November of the year preceding the budget year.

Financial Policies and Controls

MRO adheres to internal financial controls and policies that govern its financial stewardship and guide its financial practices. MRO's board-approved *Policy and Procedure 12*: *General Finance* is used to guide prudent and sound judgement in managing the financial and physical resources of MRO.

In addition to its operating expenses, MRO's budget includes a cash reserve as specified in *Policy and Procedure 13: Reserves Policy*.

Accounting and Recordkeeping

MRO uses GAAP to consistently record its financial transactions, and uses a Chart of Accounts based on NERC's System of Accounts, as required in the Delegation Agreement. Additionally, MRO maintains an accounting manual to provide instructions to accounting staff on accounting transactions and functions. MRO maintains its books on an accrual basis with monthly closings, recognizing revenues when earned and expenses when incurred. The majority of MRO expenses are labor and benefit costs. General and Administrative costs are allocated to each MRO statutory program area based on the number of full-time equivalents (FTEs) in each statutory program area.

Organizational Structure and Staffing

MRO has five statutory departments, each of which is dedicated to one or more statutory function or program area, and five general and administrative departments. Each of the statutory departments also contributes to the Training and Education program, which provides outreach to MRO registered entities and stakeholders through MRO's newsletter and publications, workshops, webinars and conferences, as well as presentation opportunities at other industry events.

Statutory Programs and Departments

- The Compliance Monitoring Department encompasses MRO's oversight activities (including the development of Compliance Oversight Plans (COPs)) and conducts oversight activities such as audits, spot checks, and self-certifications. This department is managed by a director who reports to the Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer.
- MRO's Risk Assessment and Mitigation (RAM) Department is responsible for providing an independent review of all identified potential noncompliances in the MRO region. RAM assesses the risk that potential noncompliances pose to the bulk power system and ensures that mitigation activities not only address the immediate issue, but also prevent recurrence. The department also has oversight of the Reliability Standards Program, which is responsible for monitoring NERC Reliability Standards projects, supporting the NSRF, coordinating SME teams as necessary, and providing MRO representation in the balloting of standards. The RAM Department is managed by a director who reports to the Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer.
- The Enforcement Department is responsible for the disposition and enforcement of noncompliance with NERC Reliability Standards and is managed by a director who reports to the Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary.

- The Reliability Analysis Department is responsible for reliability assessments, performance analysis, event analysis, situational awareness, and organization registration and certification. This department is managed by a director who reports to the Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer.
- The Security Department focuses on activities to promote identification, assessment, mitigation, and communication of cyber, physical, and operational security risks to the North American bulk power system. This department is managed by a director who reports to the Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer.

General and Administrative Departments

- The Information Technology (IT) Department is responsible for providing a secure network infrastructure and information technology systems that support the users. Systems include IT, cyber, and physical security. This department is managed by a director who reports to the Vice President and Engineer for Strategy, Innovation, and Finance.
- The Legal Department is responsible for providing advice to MRO on legal and regulatory matters. The department is led by the Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary who, along with the Assistant Corporate Secretary and Senior Counsel, provides legal advice to MRO. Internal and external MRO communication matters and industry outreach are overseen by a director who reports to the Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary.
- The Human Resource Department performs all employee-related functions, including benefits administration, recruitment, retention, and talent management. This department includes a director who reports to the Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary.
- The Finance and Accounting Department performs accounting, finance, budget, facilities management, internal compliance, ethics, and corporate risk management, and treasury functions and reports to the Vice President and Engineer for Strategy, Innovation, and Finance, who is also the Corporate Compliance Officer and Treasurer.
- The General and Administrative Department is led by MRO's President and CEO and performs corporate administrative functions.

2023 Key Strategic Goals and Supporting Activities

MRO's President and CEO has established three strategic priorities for MRO staff in 2023. The following strategic priorities support MRO's vision and mission and the ERO Enterprise Long-Term Strategy. They are forward-looking and serve to guide the key objective and support activities found within MRO's Strategic Plan:

- Ensure that MRO remains an innovative, resilient, and high-performing organization with an increased emphasis on leadership development and culture;
- Drive operational excellence throughout MRO in all processes and procedures, while emphasizing effectiveness and efficiency; and
- Develop a nimble, adaptive, and collaborative culture that allows MRO to carry out its mission as a trusted and valued member of the ERO Enterprise.

Priority 1:

Ensure that MRO remains an innovative, resilient, and high performing organization with an increased emphasis on leadership development and culture. The future of MRO relies upon developing the next generation of leaders that will continue to advance the organization's vision and mission. Improving staff training, creating career advancement and development opportunities, focusing on soft skills (in addition to technical competency), and fostering a culture of diversity, equity and inclusion are objectives in this area.

Key Objectives:

- 1. Ensure continuous learning, growth, and career development opportunities.
- 2. Foster a culture of diversity, equity, inclusion, honesty, and trust through constructive feedback, empowerment, and clarity of roles.
- 3. Promote opportunities for cross-departmental and inter-ERO collaboration.
- 4. Formalize processes to ensure continuity of leadership and a skilled and engaged workforce.

Goals:

- 1. Refine performance review process to reflect current best practice.
- 2. Implement succession planning for directors and key positions.
- 3. Support staff's transition to hybrid work model by providing training and assessing effectiveness of MRO communication and collaboration tools.
- 4. Develop and implement a multifaceted leadership development program.

Priority 2:

Drive operational excellence throughout MRO in all processes and procedures, while emphasizing effectiveness and efficiency. Amazing results can be achieved through a mindset of continuous improvement and the ability to imagine an invented future. Leveraging the skills of futuristic thinkers at MRO, across the ERO, and within industry, is critical to addressing complex and evolving risk. Planning for the future must be integrated with delegated responsibilities and MRO's public trust obligation to be an effective and efficient regulator, and to use funding wisely.

Key Objectives

- 1. Focus on identifying, assessing, and mitigating corporate risks and ensure expenditure of resources are prioritized and appropriately deployed.
- 2. Foster a culture of continued improvement and innovation through forward thinking and futuristic visioning.
- 3. Leverage Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) to measure operational effectiveness.
- 4. Develop a process to assess and prioritize work.

Goals:

- 1. Establish a corporate risk management program.
- 2. Resource, develop and implement appropriate management action plans for NERC audits of MRO.
- 3. Implement an updated comprehensive data retention and classification program.
- 4. Establish innovation and a continuous improvement framework.
- 5. Evaluate processes and/or tools to assist with prioritization of work.

Priority 3:

Develop a nimble, adaptive, and collaborative culture that allows MRO to carry out its mission as a trusted and valued member of the ERO Enterprise. The electricity industry is facing numerous, dynamic challenges that require forward-thinking insight and analysis to develop and support initiatives that ensure a highly reliable and secure bulk power system into the future. Increased coordination across all industry stakeholders, as well as other critical infrastructure sectors, is critical to MRO's success.

Key Objectives:

- 1. Focus on advanced methods for identifying, assessing, and actively mitigating new and emerging risks to the bulk power system and ensure resources are deployed appropriately.
- 2. Lead and support ERO transformation efforts.
- 3. Expand collaborative relationships with federal, state, and provincial regulators, independent system operators, industry leadership, and the broader reliability and security ecosystem.
- 4. Ensure security and confidentiality of our partners' data and information.
- 5. Increase capability to support mitigation of increasing frequency and sophistication of cyber risks for corporate and industry (ransomware, phishing, vulnerabilities, etc.).
- 6. Be a trusted leader in providing premier and cutting-edge outreach to our stakeholders.

Goals:

- 1. Lead effort to implement new ERO processes for prioritization of bulk power system risks.
- 2. Streamline/centralize stakeholder outreach program.
- 3. Expand outreach/external affair efforts to be a regional industry voice.
- 4. Implement at least one project focused on each high and extreme risk identified in the 2022 MRO RRA.

ERO Enterprise Model and Transformation

The vision of the ERO Enterprise, which is comprised of NERC and the six Regional Entities, is a highly reliable and secure North American bulk power system. Its mission is to assure the effective and efficient reduction of risks to the reliability and security of the grid. The ERO Enterprise is a collaborative group of organizations with distinct roles between NERC and the Regional Entities. The ERO Enterprise strives for consistency where necessary, but recognizes that each Regional Entity addresses reliability in unique ways based on its own challenges and stakeholder needs. This model effectively blends a continent-wide scope with flexibility and responsiveness, and provides the resources to tackle emerging issues while simultaneously enabling innovative and distinctive approaches to reliability risks and challenges.

Within the ERO Enterprise model, NERC has unique responsibilities to oversee ERO program areas, set qualifications and expectations for the performance of delegated activities, and assess, train, and give feedback to corresponding Regional Entity programs. The Regional Entities have a mirrored set of responsibilities, providing input into the overall development of each program area, providing training and development to meet qualifications, and ensuring delegated functions are completed. Both NERC and the Regional Entities have an obligation to meet professional standards of independence and objectivity.

As the ERO Enterprise continues to mature, the organization is working on a transformation initiative to further leverage resources, enhance communication and collaboration, and ensure grid reliability. A set of declarations was established in 2019, committing the ERO Enterprise to:

- Work together as one team and honor each of its roles;
- Actively support ERO Enterprise activities while eliminating unnecessary duplication of work;

- Collaborate to develop clear and consistent guidance across the ERO Enterprise;
- Share information, knowledge, and resources across the ERO Enterprise;
- Develop and share harmonized messages across ERO Enterprise communications; and
- Support innovation, initiatives, and the sharing of best-practices across the ERO Enterprise.

Building upon these commitments, the ERO Enterprise is now engaging in a collaborative process to accelerate its transformation through diverse activities, including ERO Enterprise-wide town halls, joint leadership training sessions, and work among ERO Enterprise Collaboration Groups.



ERO Enterprise Strategic and Operational Planning

NERC and the Regional Entities are continually refining individual and collective operating and governance practices in support of strategic and operational goals and objectives that are designed to ensure the ERO fulfills its statutory obligations. This collaboration is done while acknowledging the unique differences across the Regional entities, and the different corporate and governance responsibilities of each entity.

In 2019, ERO Enterprise leadership came together to revise the *ERO Enterprise Long-Term Strategy* as part of an effort to streamline its strategic and operational documents and ensure alignment with the NERC Reliability Issues Steering Committee's (RISC's) currently identified bulk power system risks. This strategy, which was approved by the NERC Board of Trustees (Board) on December 12, 2019, and reaffirmed by ERO Enterprise leadership in September 2020, includes the following strategic focus areas:

- 1. Expand risk-based focus in all standards, compliance monitoring, and enforcement programs;
- 2. Assess and catalyze steps to mitigate known and emerging risks to reliability and security, leveraging the RISC's biennial *ERO Reliability Risk Priorities Report*;
- 3. Build a strong E-ISAC based security capability;

- 4. Strengthen engagement across the reliability and security ecosystem in North America; and
- 5. Capture effectiveness, efficiency, and continuous improvement opportunities.

As part of the business planning and budgeting process, NERC and the Regional Entities identify and discuss departmental goals and activities to ensure alignment with the long-term strategy and harmonization across the ERO Enterprise where appropriate. Program area narratives in each organization's Business Plan and Budget may reference how activities support each of the strategic focus areas.

Since risks to reliability and security are fluid and can be impacted by recent events, NERC and each Regional Entity may also create annual work plan priorities that summarize the most critical goals and objectives for the year. In many cases, these work plan priorities are also used for individual, departmental, and company performance measurement.¹²

2023 Overview of Cost Impacts

In developing MRO's 2023 Business Plan and Budget (2023 BP&B), MRO used shared enterprise-wide assumptions, internal strategic assumptions, and risk assumptions. Prior to obtaining final approval from its board of directors, MRO seeks NERC input and review of its annual Business Plan and Budget, including coordination of program requirements and any related key initiatives for the ERO Enterprise.

The MRO 2023 total budget (\$23.1M) increased by 15.2 percent from the 2022 total budget (\$20.0M). The 2023 statutory assessment (\$20.5M) represents a 15 percent increase from the 2022 assessment. In preceding years and as a result of the pandemic, significant draws of MRO's reserve balance were used to offset the variance between the budgeted expenditures and assessments in prior years. Increasing budget costs and fewer reserves results in higher assessments. MRO proposes to use the majority of its remaining assessment stabilization reserves to manage the variance between the budgeted expenditures and the assessments.

Other significant statutory expense changes (including capital expenditures) in the 2023 BP&B compared to the 2022 budget include:

- Increase in FTEs. An evaluation of MRO's personnel resources identified a need for seven additional staff to support the priorities identified in the board-approved strategic plan. Based on actual headcount, six staff persons will be added to support technical programs in the areas of enforcement, training and education, and reliability analysis. One staff person will be added to information technology to address internal infrastructure security initiatives. Reorganization of existing staff moved one FTE from finance to training and education. Total FTEs increase from 71 to 78 in the 2023 BP&B. The allocation of FTEs is represented on page 15. An explanation of the FTE variances is included in the Resource Requirements section in each program area in Section A.
- Increase in Salaries. A comprehensive review was completed of all staff positions according to MRO's pay philosophy, the current job market, and competition for talent. The 2023 BP&B reflects an increase in salaries of 3 percent with an additional 1.5 percent allotted for promotions and market adjustments.

¹² The 2022 ERO Work Plan Priorities were approved by the Board in November 2021. NERC management and the Board evaluate annual work plan priorities throughout the year.

- Increase in Benefits. MRO measured the average cost related to health premiums per employee based on premium cost assumptions provided by MRO's benefit provider, which are higher than budgeted in 2022. A proposed increase to FTEs also results in benefit costs being higher than in the 2022 budget. The per-employee cost is applied to each department based on FTEs.
- **Meetings and Travel.**¹³ MRO will host the majority of its outreach events that support the strategic plan at its Saint Paul office. There is one off-site workshop planned in the southern area of MRO's regional footprint in the 2023 BP&B. Continued use of virtual platforms for meetings and events will hold travel flat for MRO staff as compared with 2022. This estimate is based on historic costs and emerging trends related to use of virtual technology.
- Increase in Consultant and Contract Support. The majority of MRO's consultants and contracts are used in the areas of Information Technology and Compliance Monitoring. These areas utilize additional technical support to maintain MRO's IT infrastructure and support newly implemented ERO-wide applications and tools.
- **Decrease in Office Rent.** Office rent is adjusted as a result of an estimated cost reduction due to the adoption of lease accounting standard ASC 842.
- Other Operating Expenses. Other operating expenses are increasing as a result of a hybrid return to the office and the increase in FTEs. These increases are reflected in internal staff training, office and computer supplies, temporary staffing, recruitment costs, and other legal and professional services.



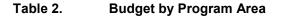
¹³ The extent to which COVID-19 assumptions impact meetings and travel in 2023 is based on current trends in travel and use of virtual technology. Meetings and travel are not presumed to return to pre-COVID-19 levels in 2023.

Comparison of 2023 and 2022 Statutory Budgets

The following table and figure summarize and illustrate MRO's 2023 BP&B by program area.

Base Operating Budget	Budget 2022	Projection 2022	Budget 2023	Variance 2023 Budget v 2022 Budget	Variance %
Reliability Standards	158,553	158,553	236,912	78,359	49.4%
Compliance Enforcement	14,238,948	14,238,948	14,921,687	682,739	4.8%
Reliability Analysis and Organization Registration	3,692,737	3,692,737	4,846,985	1,154,248	31.3%
Training, Education and Operator Certification	858,992	858,992	1,950,941	1,091,949	127.1%
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	1,085,132	1,085,132	1,125,944	40,812	3.8%
Total	20,034,361	20,034,361	23,082,469	3,048,108	15.2%

This table combines Compliance Monitoring, Risk Assessment and Mitigation, and Enforcement into Compliance Enforcement.



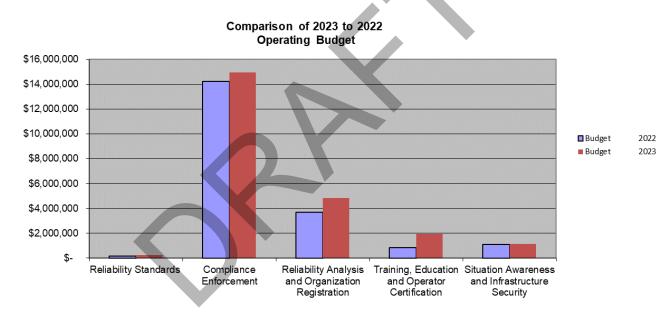


Figure 1. Budget by Program Area Chart

The following table displays total FTEs by program area.

Total FTEs by Program Area	Budget 2022	Budget 2023	Variance from 2022 Budget
STATUTORY			
Operational Programs			
Reliability Standards	0.45	0.63	0.18
Compliance	19.01	18.83	(0.18)
Compliance Risk Assessment and Mitigation	15.68	15.63	(0.05)
Compliance Enforcement	1.87	2.85	0.98
Training and Education	1.89	5.05	3.16
Reliability Analysis and Organization and Certification	9.13	12.07	2.94
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	2.95	2.94	(0.01)
Total FTEs Operational Programs	50.98	58.00	7.02
Administrative Programs			
Technical Committees and Member Forums			-
General and Administrative	2.75	2.68	(0.07)
Legal	2.79	2.66	(0.13)
Information Technology	7.98	9.14	1.16
Human Resources	2.15	2.00	(0.15)
Finance and Accounting	4.35	3.52	(0.83)
Total FTEs Administrative Programs	20.02	20.00	(0.02)
Total FTEs	71.00	78.00	7.00

Table 3.Total FTEs by Program Area

For an explanation of the variances, refer to the Resource Requirements section in each program area in Section A.

2022 Budget and Projection and 2023 Budget Comparisons

The following table lists the 2022 budget and projection compared to the 2023 budget.

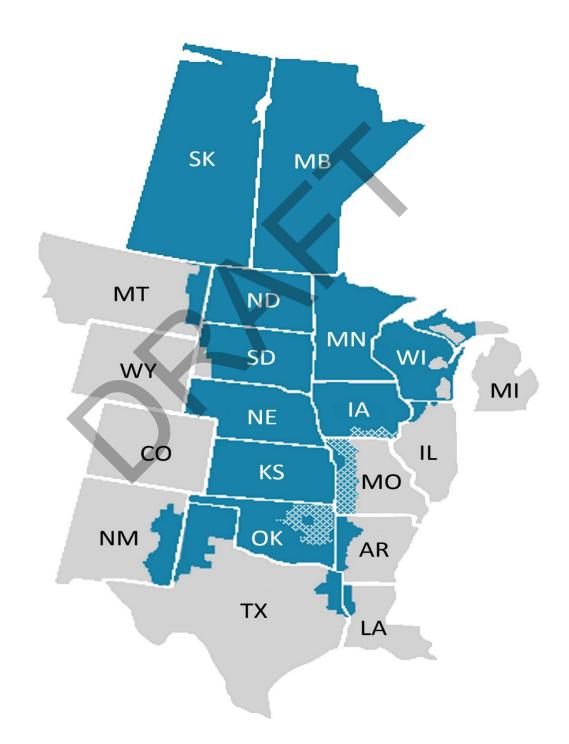
2022 Buu	iget	& Projectio			uug	21				
		STATUTO 2022 Budget		2022 Projection	v 2	Variance 2022 Budget 022 Projection Over(Under)		2023 Budget	v 2	Variance 023 Budget 2022 Budget ver(Under)
unding										
ERO Funding NERC Assessments Penalties Released*		17,832,414 458,250	\$	17,832,414 458,250	\$	-	\$	20,507,276 332,347	\$	2,674,86 (125,90
otal Funding (A)	\$	18,290,664	\$	18,290,664	\$	-	\$	20,839,623	\$	2,548,95
xpenses Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes	\$ \$	11,416,562 744,165	\$ \$	11,416,562 744,165	\$	-	\$	13,294,284 863,417	\$	1,877,72 119,25
Benefits Retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses	\$ \$ \$	1,193,996 1,922,258 15,276,980	\$ \$ \$	1,193,996 1,922,258 15,276,980	Ś	-	Ś	1,425,181 2,277,278 17,860,160	\$	231,18 355,02 2,583,18
Meeting Expenses Meetings & Conference Calls Travel	\$ \$	178,877 581,670	\$ \$	178,877 581,670	\$,	178,877 581,670	\$	-
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	760,547	\$	760,547	\$		\$	760,547	\$	-
Operating Expenses, excluding Depreciation Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,204,800 1,132,100 967,934 567,000	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,204,800 1,132,100 967,934 567,000	\$	- - - - -	\$	1,381,018 1,046,000 1,154,744 631,500	\$	176,21 (86,10 186,81 64,50
Total Operating Expenses Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$ \$	3,871,834	\$ \$	3,871,834	\$ \$		\$ \$	4,213,262	\$ \$	341,42
Indirect Expenses	\$	-	\$	-			\$	-		
otal Expenses (B)	\$	19,909,361	\$	19,909,361	\$		\$	22,833,969	\$	2,924,60
hange in Net Assets (=A - B)	\$	(1,618,698)	\$	(1,618,698)	\$		\$	(1,994,347)	\$	(375,64
xed Asset Additions, excluding Right of Use Assets (C)		125,000		125,000		-		248,500		123,50
DTAL BUDGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	\$	20,034,361	\$	20,034,361	\$	-	\$	23,082,469	\$	3,048,10
DTAL CHANGE IN RESERVES (=A-B-C)	\$	(1,743,698)	\$	(1,743,698)	\$		\$	(2,242,847)		

 Table 4.
 2022 Budget and Projection and 2023 Comparisons¹⁴

¹⁴ *Penalties released in the current year reflects the designated amount of funds released from the Assessment Stabilization Reserve (ASR) to offset U.S. assessments as approved by the NERC Board of Trustees and FERC. Actual penalties invoiced in the current reporting year are shown as an increase in the ASR on the reserve summary table and will be reported as income on the audited financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Section A – Statutory Programs

2023 Business Plan and Budget



Section A – Statutory Programs

Reliability Standards Program

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Reliability Standards Program.

Relia	•	Standards Prog /hole dollars)	ram	•	
	20)22 Budget	Increase (Decrease)		
Total FTEs		0.45		0.63	0.18
Direct Expenses	\$	88,447	\$	142,117	\$ 53 <i>,</i> 670
Indirect Expenses	\$	69,003	\$	92,096	\$ 23,093
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	1,103	\$	2,700	\$ 1,596
Total Funding Requirement	\$	158,553	\$	236,912	\$ 78,358

Table A-1.Reliability Standards Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO's efforts related to NERC Reliability Standards support NERC's stakeholder-driven processes to develop and maintain risk-responsive Reliability Standards by providing feedback into the standards process, conducting outreach during standards development, and providing clarity to industry on enforceable standards and requirements. MRO's CMEPAC and its subgroups develop Standard Application Guides (SAGs), comment on NERC Standard projects, and participate in standards development.

Impact on Resource Needs

Staff support of workload and activities in Reliability Standards has a slight increase. Staff and member travel will remain flat to 2022 budgeted values.

Reliability Standards Program Resource Requirements

Overall Budget Change 2023 vs 2022 (Increase \$78.4K, 49.4%)

Overall, increased cost is due to increased staff support of subject matter expert teams that develop SAGs and outreach support in this area.

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$54.7K, 66.7%)

Average salary increases in the 2023 BP&B were budgeted at 3 percent and an additional 1.5 percent in promotion, equity, and market adjustments. Benefits increased due to projected increase in medical premium costs.

Meeting Expenses (Remain flat)

Historic cost trends and anticipated use of virtual technology were used to retain travel cost estimates at the 2022 level.

Indirect Expenses (Increase \$23.1K, 33.5%)

There is an overall increase in administrative services allocated to operational programs in the 2023 BP&B.



Reliability Standards Budget Details

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Reliability Standards Program.

2022 Budg	get a			and 2023 E	ludge	t						
		STANDAR 2022 Budget				2022 rojection	Variance 2022 Budget v 2022 Projection Over(Under)		2023 Budget		20 v 20	Variance 23 Budget 022 Budget ver(Under)
Funding ERO Funding												
NERC Assessments	\$	154,508	\$	154,508	\$	-	\$	233,301	\$	78,793		
Penalties Released		4,045		4,045		-		3,611		(434		
Total Funding (A)	\$	158,553	\$	158,553			\$	236,912	\$	78,359		
Expenses												
Personnel Expenses												
Salaries	\$	58,474	\$	58,474	\$	-	\$	98,403	\$	39,928		
Payroll Taxes		3,914		3,914		-		6,424		2,51		
Benefits		7,319		7,319		-		11,598		4,27		
Retirement Costs		10,839		10,839				17,792		6,95		
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	80,547	\$	80,547	\$		\$	134,217	\$	53,67		
Meeting Expenses					7	Ť						
Meetings	\$	1,400	\$	1,400	\$	-	\$	1,400	\$	-		
Travel		6,500		6,500		-		6,500		-		
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	7,900	\$	7,900	\$	-	\$	7,900	\$	-		
Operating Expenses												
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$		¢		\$	_	\$		\$	_		
Office Rent	4		2		Ŷ	-	Ļ	-	Ļ	-		
Office Costs		_		-		-		-		-		
Professional Services				-		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous				-		-		-		-		
Total Operating Expenses	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	Š	,	- <u>-</u>				<u> </u>					
Indirect Expenses	\$	69,003	\$	69,003	\$	-	\$	92,096	\$	23,09		
Total Expenses (B)	\$	157,450	\$	157,450	\$	-	\$	234,212	\$	76,76		
Change in Net Assets (=A - B)	\$	1,103	\$	1,103	\$	-	\$	2,700	\$	1,59		
Fixed Asset Additions, excluding Right of Use Assets (C)		1,103		1,103				2,700		1,59		
						-						
FOTAL BUDGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	\$	158,553	\$	158,553	\$	-	\$	236,912	\$	78,35		
TOTAL CHANGE IN RESERVES (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				

Table A-2. Reliability Standards Budget Detail

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program

The following table lists the budget for the Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP).

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (in whole dollars)											
	2	022 Budget		Increase (Decrease)							
Total FTEs		36.56		37.30		0.74					
Direct Expenses	\$	8,543,197	\$	9,309,202	\$	766,006					
Indirect Expenses	\$	5,606,108	\$	5,452,647	\$	(153,462)					
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	89,643	\$	159,839	\$	70,196					
Total Funding Requirement	\$	14,238,948	\$	14,921,687	\$	682,740					

Table A-3. Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO's CMEP work is performed by three departments: Compliance Monitoring, Risk Assessment and Mitigation (RAM), and Enforcement, creating an effective "check and balance" for making decisions about noncompliance and enforcement. MRO's RAM Department develops Inherent Risk Assessments (IRAs) for registered entities to describe the risk to the BPS by the nature of the facilities each entity owns and operates. This information is used to provide a ranking of requirements to complice for monitoring for this entity based on risk. Compliance Monitoring uses the IRAs as input, along with historic entity performance, existing internal controls, and other qualitative assessments to develop Compliance Oversight Plans (COP) specific to the risk that each registered entity poses to the regional bulk power system. Oversight activities are customized for each registered entity based on the COP. In addition, RAM conducts risk assessments for registered entity noncompliances and violations and evaluates and monitors related mitigation efforts. RAM processes and submits Compliance Exception notifications to the Enforcement Department for processing. Enforcement independently reviews and processes noncompliances and violations using risk-based disposition methods, including any penalty determinations.

The 2023 BP&B contemplates that staff will perform CMEP activities for approximately 227 registered entities. The Compliance Monitoring Department will conduct approximately 14 audits and will also contribute to audits of registered entities that participate in coordinated oversight where MRO is the Affected Regional Entity. In adition to the activities described above, the Enforcement Department will review registered entity participation in the ERO Enterprise Self-Logging Program. The CMEP departments also support the MRO CMEPAC and its subgroups, and ERO Enterprise CMEP activities. These activities include supporting ERO collaboration groups, ERO outreach and training, and supporting the Align and SEL project roleouts.

Impact on Resource Needs

In addition to regular oversight work, the CMEP departments will dedicate resources to support the implementation of the ERO Enterprise Align and ERO Secure Evidence Locker projects, which are shared technology platforms that provide consistency and alignment of CMEP processes across NERC and the Regional Entities. These initiatives effectively focus on assessment and mitigation of reliability and security risk to the bulk power system involving lower risk registered entities in aggregate.

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Resource Requirements

Overall Budget Change 2023 vs 2022 (Increase \$682.7K, 4.8%)

The budget increase for 2023 is due to an increase in staff resources in this area as functional activities were expanded such as the aggregated risk initiative.

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$737.5K, 9.5%)

Average salary increases in the 2023 BP&B were budgeted at 3 percent and an additional 1.5 percent in promotion, equity, and market adjustments. Benefits increased due to projected increase in medical premium costs. An increase of 0.74 FTE will be added to this program area.

Meeting Expenses (Remain flat)

Historic cost trends and anticipated use of virtual technology were used to retain travel cost estimates at the 2022 level.

Indirect Expenses (Decrease \$153K, 2.7%)

The decrease in indirect expenses is due to the allocation of administrative services across all operational programs in the 2023 BP&B. Some programs absorbed more in indirect costs as those programs increased in percentage of total FTE.

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Budget Detail The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the CMEP.

	get {	& Projectio	on,	and 2023 B	udge	et	Сар	ital		
COMPLIANCE	MON	2022 Budget		FORCEMENT P 2022 Projection	2 v 20	AM Variance 022 Budget 022 Projection Over(Under)		2023 Budget	20 v 2	Variance 23 Budget 022 Budget ver(Under)
Funding ERO Funding NERC Assessments Penalties Released	\$	13,910,317 328,631	\$	13,910,317 328,631			\$	14,707,917 213,770	\$	797,600 (114,861)
Total Funding (A)	\$	14,238,948	\$	14,238,948			\$	14,921,687	\$	682,739
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits Batican ant Casta	\$	5,792,149 399,863 613,759	\$	5,792,149 399,863 613,759	\$	-	\$	6,323,947 427,795 685,082	\$	531,798 27,933 71,323
Retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses	\$	987,129 7,792,900	\$	987,129 7,792,900	\$	-	\$	1,093,595 8,530,420	\$	106,466 737,520
Meeting Expenses Meetings Travel Total Meeting Expenses	\$ \$	11,500 224,470 235,970	\$ \$	11,500 224,470 235,970	\$ \$		\$ \$	11,500 224,470 235,970	\$ \$	-
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$	383,382	\$	383,382	\$	-	\$	348,382	\$	(35,000
Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous		130,945		- 130,945 -				- 194,430 -		63,485 -
Total Operating Expenses	\$	514,327	\$	514,327	\$	-	\$	542,812	\$	28,485
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
Indirect Expenses	\$	5,606,108	\$	5,606,108	\$	-	\$	5,452,647	\$	(153,462
Total Expenses (B)	<u>\$</u>	14,149,305	\$	14,149,305	\$		\$	14,761,849	\$	612,544
Change in Net Assets (=A - B)	\$	89,643	\$	89,643	\$		\$	159,839	\$	70,196
Fixed Asset Additions, excluding Right of Use Assets (C)		89,643		89,643		-		159,839		70,196
TOTAL BUDGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	\$	14,238,948	\$	14,238,948	\$	-	\$	14,921,687	\$	682,739
TOTAL CHANGE IN RESERVES (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	

Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Budget Detail Table A-4.

Reliability Analysis and Organization Registration and Certification Program

The following table lists the budget for the Reliability Analysis program.

Reliability Analysis and	•	nization Registra whole dollars)	atio	n and Certificatic	on	
	2	022 Budget	;	2023 Budget		Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		9.13		12.07		2.94
Direct Expenses	\$	2,270,357	\$	3,030,827	\$	760,470
Indirect Expenses	\$	1,399,994	\$	1,764,436	\$	364,442
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	22,386	\$	51,723	\$	29,336
Total Funding Requirement	\$	3,692,737	\$	4,846,985	\$	1,154,247

Table A-5.Reliability Analysis Department Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO's Reliability Analysis Department performs reliability assessments, performance analysis, and event analysis in support of related NERC program areas. This work includes: analyses of large-scale bulk power system outages, disturbances, and near misses to determine root causes and lessons learned; the review of quarterly data submissions to assess system performance; and the availability of electric generation and transmission equipment through various NERC reporting systems, such as Transmission Availability Data Systems (TADS), Generating Availability Data Systems (GADS), Demand Response Availability Data Systems (DADS), and Misoperation Information Data Analysis Systems (MIDAS). This information may indicate the need to develop and implement targeted interventions. Reliability Analysis staff participate in the Eastern Interconnection Reliability Assessment Group (ERAG), which facilitates data collection and development of power flow and dynamics simulation models for the Eastern Interconnection. Reliability Analysis also supports MRO's Reliability Advisory Council and its subgroups, and related ERO Enterprise activities.

The Reliability Analysis Department also oversees organization registration and certification, which is required by NERC. This work involves appropriately registering all users, owners, and operators of the bulk power system in MRO's regional footprint and periodically certifying that certain registered entities (Reliability Coordinators, Balancing Authorities, and Transmission Operators) are able to perform associated tasks. All entities registered for any reliability function are required to follow mandatory NERC Reliability Standards.

Impact on Resource Needs

Staffing for this program will increase by 2.94 FTEs. The addition of a power systems engineer and business data analyst will add value and streamline activities for ongoing reliability assessment analysis and the expansion of the Generator Winterization Program. Workload for OrganizationRegistration and Certification is stable in 2023.

Reliability Analysis and Organization Registration and Certification Resource Requirements

Overall Budget Change 2023 vs 2022 (Increase \$1.15M, 31.3%)

The budget increase for 2023 is primarily due to an increase in FTEs.

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$773K, 37.9%)

The average salary increase was budgeted at 3 percent and an additional 1.5 percent in promotion, equity, and market adjustments. Staff resources in this area increased as functional activities were expanded. Benefits increased due to projected increase in medical premium costs.

Meeting Expenses (Remain flat)

Historic cost trends and anticipated use of virtual technology were used to retain travel cost estimates at the 2022 level.

Operating Costs (Decrease \$12.7K, 13.2%)

Reflects flat costs in training and lower contract costs.

Indirect Expenses (Increase \$364K, 26%)

There is an overall increase in administrative services expenditures that are allocated to the operational programs based on the increased FTEs.



Reliability Analysis and Organization Registration and Certification Budget Detail

The following table lists funding sources and related expenses for the Reliability Analysis and Organization Registration and Certification Program.

	2022 Bug	dge <u>t</u>	& Projectio	on,	and 202 <u>3 E</u>	Budge	et				
	RELIABILITY ANALYSIS and			_)N		
			2022 Budget		2022 Projection		Variance 2022 Budget v 2022 Projection Over(Under)		2023 Budget		Variance 023 Budget 2022 Budget Dver(Under)
Funding											
	ERO Funding										
	NERC Assessments	\$	3,610,669	\$	3,610,669			\$	4,777,811	\$	1,167,142
	Penalties Released		82,068	-	82,068				69,174		(12,893
Total Fund	ing (A)	\$	3,692,737	\$	3,692,737			\$	4,846,985	\$	1,154,248
Expenses											
	Personnel Expenses										
	Salaries	\$	1,528,561	\$	1,528,561	\$	-	\$	2,101,041	\$	572,480
	Payroll Taxes		100,217		100,217		-		139,972		39,754
	Benefits		154,429		154,429		-		217,524		63,095
	Retirement Costs		254,449		254,449				352,240		97,791
	Total Personnel Expenses	\$	2,037,657	\$	2,037,657	\$		\$	2,810,777	\$	773,120
	Maating Expanses										
	Meeting Expenses Meetings	\$	9,000	ć	9,000	<u> </u>		\$	9,000	\$	
	Travel	<i>ڊ</i>	127,600	2	127,600	-		ç	127,600	Ļ	-
	Total Meeting Expenses	\$	136,600	Ś	136,600	\$		\$	136,600	\$	
		<u> </u>	100,000	<u> </u>	100,000	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	100,000	. <u> </u>	
	Operating Expenses										
	Consultants & Contracts	\$	71,100	\$	71,100	\$	-	\$	41,100	\$	(30,000
	Office Rent				-		-		-		-
	Office Costs		25,000		25,000		-		42,350		17,350
	Professional Services		. –		-		-		-		-
	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	96,100	\$	96,100	\$	-	\$	83,450	\$	(12,650
	Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	
	Indirect Expenses	\$	1,399,994	\$	1,399,994	\$		\$	1,764,436	\$	364,442
Fotal Expe	nses (B)	\$	3,670,351	\$	3,670,351	\$	-	\$	4,795,262	\$	1,124,91
Change in I	Net Assets (=A - B)	\$	22,386	\$	22,386	\$	-	\$	51,723	\$	29,336
-								_			
ixed Asse	t Additions, excluding Right of Use Assets (C)		22,386		22,386		-		51,723		29,33
TOTAL BUE	DGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	\$	3,692,737	\$	3,692,737	\$	-	\$	4,846,985	\$	1,154,24
TOTAL CHA	ANGE IN RESERVES (=A-B-C)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	_		
	FTEs		9.13		9.13		-		12.07		2.9

Table A-6. Reliability Analysis and Organization Registration and Certification Budget Detail

Training and Education Program

The following table summarizes the budget for the Training and Education program.

Training and Education (in whole dollars)													
	20	022 Budget		2023 Budget		Increase (Decrease)							
Total FTEs		1.89		5.05		3.16							
Direct Expenses	\$	564,545	\$	1,191,073	\$	626,529							
Indirect Expenses	\$	289,812	\$	738,227	\$	448,414							
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-							
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	4,634	\$	21,640	\$	17,006							
Total Funding Requirement	\$	858,993	\$	1,950,941	\$	1,091,949							

Table A-7. Training and Education Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO is committed to its mission "to identify, prioritize and assure effective and efficient mitigation of risks to the reliability and security of the North American bulk power system by promoting Highly Effective Reliability Organizations[®] (HEROs)." One way we do this is by providing training and education to industry on the implementation of the CMEP, the application of Reliability Standards, and sharing information and best practices related to reliability and security of the bulk power system in MRO's regional footpring. The Training and Education Program provides outreach to MRO registered entities through various channels like newsletter articles, publications, workshops, webinars, roundtable events, and conferences, as well as presentation opportunities at other industry events. Continuing to provide best practices and lessons learned to stakeholders across MRO's regional footprint in an effort to reduce risk directly supports MRO's strategic plan and other ERO Enterprise initiatives.

Impact on Resource Needs

Since the onset of the pandemic, training, education, and outreach have been conducted through virtual mediums. The virtual environment has allowed MRO to expand its audience and enabled industry stakeholders to participate in MRO events with no additional travel costs. While the lifting of pandemic retrictions permit in-person interaction, MRO will continue to provide registered entities the opportunity to attend events virtually for the forseeable future. This hybrid format allows both in-person and virtual attendance and increases the amount of effort required to host outreach events – essentially offering the best of both worlds. Three additional staff have been added to this area to elevate MRO's outreach efforts and provide support for hybrid events.

Training and Education Resource Requirements

Overall Budget Change 2023 vs 2022 (Increase \$1.1M, 127.1%)

The budget increase for 2023 is primarily due to an increase in FTEs.

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$614K, 144.8%)

The average salary increase was budgeted at 3 percent and an additional 1.5 percent in promotion, equity, and market adjustments. Benefits increased due to projected increase in

medical premium costs. Staff resources increased to meet training, education, and outreach initiatives using webinar and virtual courses. This resulted in higher salary costs.

Meeting Expenses (Remain flat)

Historic cost trends and anticipated use of virtual technology were used to retain travel cost estimates at the 2022 level.

Operating Expense

The addition of staff to this program includes staff-related training and other employee-related costs captured in office costs.

Indirect Expenses (Increase \$448K, 154.7%)

There is an overall increase in administrative services expenditures that are allocated to the operational programs based on the increased FTEs.

Training and Education Budget Detail The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Training and Education Program.

Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures and Change in Working Capital 2022 Budget & Projection, and 2023 Budget											
		NG and El									
	2022			Variance 2022 Budget 2022 v 2022 Projection 2023			2023	Variance 2023 Budget v 2022 Budget			
		Budget	P	rojection	(Over(Under)		Budget	C	ver(Under)	
Funding ERO Funding											
NERC Assessments	Ś	842,003	Ś	842,003			Ś	1.921.999	Ś	1,079,996	
Penalties Released	Ŷ	16,989	Ŷ	16,989			Ļ	28,942	Ŷ	11,953	
Fotal Funding (A)	Ś	858,992	Ś	858,992			Ś	1,950,941	Ś	1,091,949	
				,			- 7	_,		_,	
xpenses											
Personnel Expenses											
Salaries	\$	319,838	\$	319,838	\$	-	\$	765,029	\$	445,19	
Payroll Taxes Benefits		20,073		20,073		-		52,590		32,518	
		31,529		31,529		-		89,316		57,78	
Retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses	Ś	52,605 424,045	Ś	52,605 424,045	\$	-	Ś	131,338 1,038,273	\$	78,733 614,229	
Total Personnel Expenses	Ş	424,045	ş	424,043	<u> </u>		Ş	1,030,275	<u> </u>	014,223	
Meeting Expenses											
Meetings	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	-	\$	90,000	\$	-	
Travel	_	50,500		50,500		-		50,500		-	
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	140,500	\$	140,500	\$	-	\$	140,500	\$	-	
Operating Expenses											
Consultants & Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Office Rent				-		-		-		-	
Office Costs		-		-		-		12,300		12,300	
Professional Services						-		-		-	
Miscellaneous	_	-	_			-		-		-	
Total Operating Expenses	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,300	\$	12,300	
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Indirect Expenses	s	289,812	\$	289,812	\$	-	\$	738,227	\$	448,414	
		100/01		200,011	·			/00)22/	<u> </u>	,	
Total Expenses (B)	\$	854,357	\$	854,357	\$	-	\$	1,929,300	\$	1,074,943	
Change in Net Assets (=A - B)	\$	4,634	\$	4,634	\$	-	\$	21,640	\$	17,006	
	-										
Fixed Asset Additions, excluding Right of Use Assets (C)		4,634		4,634				21,640		17,006	
TOTAL BUDGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	\$	858,992	\$	858,992	\$	-	\$	1,950,941	\$	1,091,949	
TOTAL CHANGE IN RESERVES (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
FTEs		1.89		1.89		_		5.05		3.16	

Table A-8. Training and Education Budget Detail

Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program

The following table lists the budget for Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security.

Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security (in whole dollars)													
	2	022 Budget		Increase (Decrease)									
Total FTEs		2.95		2.94		(0.01)							
Direct Expenses	\$	625,546	\$	683,566	\$	58,020							
Indirect Expenses	\$	452,353	\$	429,780	\$	(22,573)							
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-							
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	7,233	\$	12,599	\$	5,365							
Total Funding Requirement	\$	1,085,132	\$	1,125,944	\$	40,812							

Table A-9. Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO, through the regional Reliability Coordinators and other available tools, monitors present conditions on the bulk power system and provides leadership coordination, technical expertise, and assistance to industry and governmental partners in responding to events as necessary. The department also uses data obtained from NERC Alerts to determine which entities may be more susceptible to a specific risk based on the responses. The Security Department sponsors the Security Advisory Council (SAC) and the SAC Threat Forum (SACTF). These organizational groups address cyber, physical, and operational risks to the bulk power system through training, outreach, intelligence briefings, risk assessments, weekly threat calls, and sponsorship of an annual security conference that draws over 500 attendees. The department also develops and maintains strong connections with the E-ISAC and other federal security agencies to further increase the reliability and security of the bulk power system and serves as a resource to MRO's IT department.

Impact on Resource Needs

Situational Awareness Program staff work with stakeholders to identify significant known risks to reliability, mitigate those risks, and promote a culture of reliability excellence. The workload in this area is stable.

The Infrastructure Security Program focuses on activities to promote identification, assessment, mitigation, and communication of cyber, physical, and operational risks to the reliability and security of the North American bulk power system. There is increased activity in this area requiring additional technical and expert level subject matter expertise to address the growing number of security risks, in particular the security risks identified in the Regional Risk Assessment. In addition, the department has increased activity serving as the overall administrator of the MRO Emergency Preparedness Plan, Lead NERC GridEx Planner, NERC Crisis Action Plan Lead, and co-lead for the Insider Threat Program. Additional staff resources were budgeted in 2022.

Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Resource Requirements

Overall Budget Change 2023 vs 2022 (Increase \$40.8K, 3.8%)

The portion of budget addressing security increased to realign and dedicate MRO staffing to support increased focus on security.

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$54.3K, 9.4%)

Average salary increases were budgeted at 3 percent with an additional 1.5 percent in promotion, equity, and market adjustments. Also, benefits increased due to projected increase in medical premium costs.

Meeting Expenses (Remain flat)

Historic cost trends and anticipated use of virtual technology were used to retain travel cost estimates at the 2022 level.

Indirect Expenses (Decrease \$22.6K, 5.0%)

The decrease in indirect expenses is due to the allocation of administrative services across all operational programs in the 2023 BP&B. Some programs absorbed more in indirect costs as those programs increased in percentage of total FTE.

Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Program.

SITUATION AV	VAR	ENESS and	INF	RASTRUCTU	JRE S	SECURITY				
		2022 Budget		2022 Projection	v 2	Variance 2022 Budget v 2022 Projection Over(Under)		2023 Budget		Variance 023 Budget 022 Budget ver(Under)
Funding										
ERO Funding							~	4 4 9 9 9 9 5	<u>,</u>	50.000
NERC Assessments	\$	1,058,615	\$	1,058,615	\$	-	\$	1,109,095	\$	50,480
Penalties Released Total Funding (A)	Ś	26,517 1,085,132	Ś	26,517 1,085,132			\$	16,849 1,125,944	\$	(9,668 40,812
	<u>,</u>	1,085,152		1,085,152			<u>,</u>	1,123,344	<u>,</u>	40,812
Expenses										
Personnel Expenses										
Salaries	\$	426,796	\$	426,796	\$	-	\$	464,895	\$	38,098
Payroll Taxes		28,902		28,902		-		30,578		1,676
Benefits		48,790		48,790		-		54,105		5,315
Retirement Costs	Ś	74,320	<u> </u>	74,320	÷		\$	83,501	\$	9,181
Total Personnel Expenses	<u> </u>	578,809	\$	578,809	\$		<u> </u>	633,079	Ş	54,270
Meeting Expenses										
Meetings	\$	4,277	\$	4,277	\$	-	\$	4,277	\$	-
Travel		30,500		30,500		-		30,500		-
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	34,777	\$	34,777	\$	-	\$	34,777	\$	-
Operating Expenses										
Consultants & Contracts	\$		Ś	_	Ś	-	\$	-	\$	-
Office Rent	+		1	-	U.	-	7	-		-
Office Costs		11,960		11,960		-		15,710		3,750
Professional Services		· · · ·				-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Operating Expenses	\$	11,960	\$	11,960	\$	-	\$	15,710	\$	3,750
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	
Indirect Expenses	\$	452,353	\$	452,353	\$	-	\$	429,780	\$	(22,573
Total Expenses (B)	\$	1,077,899	\$	1,077,899	\$	-	\$	1,113,345	\$	35,447
Change in Net Assets (=A - B)	\$	7,233	\$	7,233	\$	-	\$	12,599	\$	5,365
ixed Asset Additions, excluding Right of Use Assets (C)		7,233		7,233		-		12,599		5,365
OTAL BUDGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	\$	1,085,132	\$	1,085,132	\$	-	\$	1,125,944	\$	40,812
OTAL CHANGE IN RESERVES (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

 Table A-10.
 Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security Budget Detail

Administrative Services

The following table outlines the budget for Administrative Services.

Administrative Services (in whole dollars)														
	Direct	Expenses and Fixed As		FTEs										
	2022 Budget	2023 Budget	Increase (Decrease)	2022 Budget	2023 Budget	Increase (Decrease)								
General and Administrative	\$1,862,449	\$2,997,150	\$1,134,701	2.75	2.68	(0.07)								
Legal	\$976,919	\$994,092	\$17,172	2.79	2.66	(0.13)								
Information Technology	\$2,298,664	\$2,971,820	\$673,156	7.98	9.14	1.16								
Human Resources	\$474,285	\$643,783	\$169,498	2.15	2.00	(0.15)								
Finance and Accounting	\$2,329,953	\$1,118,839	-\$1,211,114	4.35	3.52	(0.83)								
Total Administrative Services	\$7,942,270	\$8,725,684	\$783,414	20.02	20.00	(0.02)								

Table A-11. Administrative Services Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO's Administrative Services area includes the business and administrative functions of the organization, including legal and regulatory, communications, information technology, human resources, finance and accounting, and general expenses. Costs incurred for these services are allocated as an indirect expense across MRO's other program areas.

Methodology for Allocation of Administrative Services Expenses to Programs

All expenses for the Administrative Services programs, referred to as indirect expenses, are allocated to the delegated program areas based on the respective number of FTEs.

Funding Sources

The expenses related to the indirect program areas are being allocated entirely to the direct programs; therefore, the indirect program areas have no ERO assessment revenue.

General and Administrative

The following table lists the General and Administrative budget.

General and Administrative (in whole dollars)													
	2	2022 Budget		2023 Budget		Increase (Decrease)							
Total FTEs		2.75		2.68		(0.07)							
Total Direct Expenses	\$	1,862,449	\$	2,997,150	\$	1,134,701							
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-							
Working Capital Requirement	\$	(1,743,698)	\$	(2,242,847)	\$	(499,149)							

Table A-12. General and Administrative Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

The General and Administrative Department is led by MRO's President and CEO. The department ensures that there is appropriate attention to the execution of MRO's strategic priorities and the day-to-day management of the corporation, board governance, policies and procedures to maintain and enhance operation of the corporation, proper record-keeping, and related responsibilities under applicable regulations, as well as MRO's Delegation Agreement.

General and Administrative Services Resource Requirements

Overall Budget Change 2023 vs 2022 (Increase \$1.1M, 60.9%)

The budget increase for 2023 is higher due to the transfer of office rent from the Finance department to general and administrative to align this line item with other Regions.

Personnel Expenses (Decrease \$24K, 2.1%)

Staff resources reflect a slight decline as some time is allocated to other program areas. However, benefits increased due to projected increase in medical premium costs.

Meeting Expenses (Remain flat)

Historic cost trends and emerging trends in use of virtual technology were used to retain travel cost estimates at the 2022 level.

Operating Expenses (Increase \$1.7M, 207.5%)

Costs for recruitment of new independent directors was budgeted to fill vacant seats. Office rent was moved from the Finance and Accounting Department to align with ERO presentation of this line item.

General and Administrative Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the General and Administrative Program.

GENERAL and ADMINISTRATIVE													
	2022 Budget				Variance 2022 Budget v 2022 Projection Over(Under)			2023 Budget		Variance 023 Budget 2022 Budget Over(Under)			
Funding													
ERO Funding NERC Assessments Penalties Released	\$	(1,743,698)	\$	(1,743,698)	\$	-	\$	(2,242,847)	\$	(499,149)			
Total Funding (A)	\$	(1,743,698)	\$	(1,743,698)	\$	-	\$	(2,242,847)	\$	(499,149)			
Expenses													
Personnel Expenses Salaries Payroll Taxes Benefits	\$	936,453 34,547 45,829	\$	936,453 34,547 45,829	\$		\$	908,838 33,958 49,320	\$	(27,615) (589) 3,492			
Retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses	Ś	116,820 1,133,649	Ś	116,820 1,133,649	Ś		Ś	117,584 1,109,700	Ś	763 (23,949)			
Meeting Expenses Meetings Travel	\$	60,000 110,300	\$	60,000 110,300	\$	-	\$	60,000 110,300	\$	-			
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	170,300	\$	170,300	\$		\$	170,300	\$	-			
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts Office Rent Office Costs Professional Services Miscellaneous	\$	65,000 133,000 360,500	\$	65,000 - 133,000 360,500	\$	- - -	\$	80,000 1,046,000 130,650 460,500	\$	15,000 1,046,000 (2,350) 100,000			
Total Operating Expenses	\$	558,500	\$	558,500	\$		\$	1,717,150	\$	1,158,650			
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-			
Indirect Expenses	\$	(1,862,449)	\$	(1,862,449)	\$	-	\$	(2,997,150)	\$	(1,134,701			
Total Expenses (B)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-			
Change in Net Assets (=A - B)	\$	(1,743,698)	\$	(1,743,698)	\$	-	\$	(2,242,847)	\$	(499,149)			
Fixed Asset Additions, excluding Right of Use Assets (C)				-		-		-		-			
TOTAL BUDGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
TOTAL CHANGE IN RESERVES (=A-B-C)	\$	(1,743,698)	\$	(1,743,698)	\$	-	\$	(2,242,847)	\$	(499,149			
FTEs		2.75		2.75				2.68		(0.07)			

Table A-13. General and Administrative Budget Detail

Legal

The following table lists the Legal budget.

	(in	Legal whole dollars)		
	2	2022 Budget	2023 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		2.79	2.66	(0.13)
Total Direct Expenses	\$	976,919	\$ 994,092	\$ 17,172
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

Table A-14.Legal Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO's Legal function is staffed by the Vice President General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, and Assistant Corporate Secretary and Senior Counsel. Advice is provided to the board, the President and CEO, and staff on legal matters affecting MRO; and corporate records for the board and organizational groups are maintained in this area. MRO may use external specialized legal resources on an as-needed basis. This functional area also focuses on and centralizes external and internal communications work.

Legal Resource Requirements

Overall Budget Change 2023 vs 2022 (Increase 17.2K, 1.8%)

The increase in this indirect program area is related to the increase in personnel costs.

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$46K, 6.4%)

Average salary increases were budgeted at 3 percent with an additional 1.5 percent in promotion, equity, and market adjustments. Benefits increased due to projected increase in medical premium costs.

Meeting Expense (Remain flat)

Historic cost trends and anticipated use of virtual technology were used to retain travel cost estimates at the 2022 level.

Operating Expense (Decrease \$29K, 12.1%)

The decrease in professional service costs is due to elimination of one-time costs associated with MRO's external website redesign that was budgeted in 2022. The redesign included a legal review of MRO's privacy policy and copyrighted materials.

Legal Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Legal Department.

Statement of Activities, Fixed						in Working	Cap	ital					
2022 Budg	2022 Budget & Projection, and 2023 Budget LEGAL												
	Variance 2022 Budget 2022 2022 v 2022 Projection 2023 Budget Projection Over(Under) Budget												
Funding		Dudget	·	rojection			Budget			ver(Under)			
ERO Funding													
NERC Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Penalties Released		-		-				-					
Total Funding (A)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
xpenses													
Personnel Expenses													
Salaries	\$	552,889	\$	552,889	\$	-	\$	591,987	\$	39,098			
Payroll Taxes		33,056	·	33,056	· ·	-		33,224	·	169			
Benefits		47,452		47,452		-		48,952		1,500			
Retirement Costs		85,019		85,019		-		90,199		5,180			
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	718,415	\$	718,415	\$	•	\$	764,363	\$	45,947			
Marchine Francisco													
Meeting Expenses	\$	500	\$	500	\$		\$	500	Ś				
Meetings Travel	Ş	19,800	Ş	19,800	Ş		Ş	19,800	Ş	-			
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	20,300	Ś	20,300	\$		\$	20,300	Ś	-			
Total Meeting Expenses	<u> </u>	20,500	- 2	20,300	Ş	<u> </u>	->	20,500	Ş	-			
Operating Expenses													
Consultants & Contracts	\$	54,900	\$	54,900	\$	-	\$	54,900	\$	-			
Office Rent				-		-		-		-			
Office Costs		35,804		35,804		-		39,529		3,725			
Professional Services		147,500		147,500		-		115,000		(32,500			
Miscellaneous		-		_		-		-		-			
Total Operating Expenses	\$	238,204	\$	238,204	\$	-	\$	209,429	\$	(28,775			
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_			
other non operating expenses			<u> </u>										
Indirect Expenses	\$	(976,919)	\$	(976,919)	\$	-	\$	(994,092)	\$	(17,172			
Fotal Expenses (B)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(0			
Change in Net Assets (=A - B)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	C			
	-												
ixed Asset Additions, excluding Right of Use Assets (C)		-		-				-		-			
OTAL BUDGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(0			
TOTAL CHANGE IN RESERVES (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	C			
										1			
FTEs		2.79		2.79		-		2.66		(0.13			

Table A-15. Legal Budget Detail

Information Technology

The following table lists the Information Technology budget.

Information Technology (in whole dollars)													
	2	022 Budget		2023 Budget		Increase (Decrease)							
Total FTEs		7.98		9.14		1.16							
Total Direct Expenses	\$	2,298,664	\$	2,971,820	\$	673,156							
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-							
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-							

Table A-16. Information Technology Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

MRO's Information Technology function is responsible for providing technology and communications tools for staff to perform Regional Entity and other corporate functions. As part of this, the Information Technology function is responsible for managing and securing the IT infrastructure of the company. This includes providing ways for the company to preserve and protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of company data, and responding in a timely manner to the ever evolving cyber threats faced by organization. As the complexity of the security risks and tools utilized to meet staff needs continues to evolve, this function at times also utilizes highly specialized external technical resources.

Information Technology Resource Requirements

Overall Budget Change 2023 vs 2022 (Increase \$673K, 29.3%)

The increase in indirect programs is due to a combination of IT staff and consulting and contract costs related to mitigation of cyber security threats and risks.

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$372.3K, 28.5%)

Average salary increases were budgeted at 3 percent with an additional 1.5 percent in promotion, equity, and market adjustments. There is an increase of one FTE in this program area. Additionally, benefits increased due to projected increase in medical premium costs.

Meeting Expenses (Remain flat)

Historic cost trends and anticipated use of virtual technology were used to retain travel cost estimates at the 2022 level.

Operating Expenses (Increase \$177K, 20.6%)

This increase reflects costs in cyber security software and applications, as well as office costs related to staff training and other expenses for additional FTEs.

Fixed Asset (Increase \$123.5K, 99%)

Increased capital asset costs are due to scheduled replacement of end-of-life assets.

Information Technology Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Information Technology Program.

2022 Budget & Projection, and 2023 Budget INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY												
			LCII			Variance				ariance		
						022 Budget				3 Budget		
		2022	2022			22 Projection		2023		22 Budget		
		Budget	P	rojection	0	ver(Under)		Budget	Ov	er(Under)		
unding												
ERO Funding												
NERC Assessments Penalties Released	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
otal Funding (A)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$			
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>,</u>			
xpenses												
Personnel Expenses	ć	021 401	ć	021 401	ć		ć	1 107 700	ć	200.200		
Salaries Payroll Taxes	\$	921,491 67,927	\$	921,491 67,927	\$	-	\$	1,187,790 85,342	\$	266,299		
•		,		,				,		17,415		
Benefits Batian and Casta		135,988		135,988				167,699		31,710		
Retirement Costs Total Personnel Expenses	Ś	179,140 1,304,546	Ś	179,140 1,304,546	\$		Ś	236,004 1,676,834	\$	56,864 372,288		
Total Personner Expenses	<u>,</u>	1,304,340	ş	1,504,540	<u> </u>		Ş	1,070,834	<u> </u>	572,200		
Meeting Expenses												
Meetings	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	\$	-	\$	1,200	\$	-		
Travel		5,000		5,000	2_	-		5,000		-		
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	6,200	\$	6,200	\$	-	\$	6,200	\$	-		
Operating Expenses												
Consultants & Contracts	\$	549,568	\$	549,568	\$	-	\$	670,636	\$	121,068		
Office Rent				-		-		-		-		
Office Costs		313,350		313,350		-		369,650		56,300		
Professional Services		-				-		-		-		
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	862,918	\$	862,918	\$	-	\$	1,040,286	\$	177,368		
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Indirect Expenses	\$	(2,173,664)	\$	(2,173,664)	\$		\$	(2,723,320)	\$	(549,650		
otal Expenses (B)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-		
hange in Net Assets (=A - B)	s		\$		\$		\$					
hange in Net Assets (-A - b)			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
ixed Asset Additions, excluding Right of Use Assets	\$	125,000	\$	125,000		-	\$	248,500	\$	123,50		
Allocation of Fixed Assets	\$	(125,000)	\$	(125,000)		-	\$	(248,500)	\$	(123,500		
nc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
DTAL BUDGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
OTAL CHANGE IN RESERVES (=A-B-C)	\$		\$		\$		\$	-				
FTEs 7.98 7.98 - 9.14 1.16												

Human Resources

The following table lists the Human Resources budget.

		aan Resources whole dollars)		
	2	022 Budget	 2023 Budget	 Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs		2.15	2.00	(0.15)
Total Direct Expenses	\$	474,285	\$ 643,783	\$ 169,498
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

Table A-18. Human Resources Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

Human Resources

The Human Resources function designs, plans, and implements employee related policies and procedures in adherence with applicable federal and state laws. This function also facilitates the recruitment and retention efforts of the organization by coordinating tasks associated with the employee life cycle activities including onboarding, training, professional development, and best practice employee retention initiatives. The department engages in Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) initiatives within the organization alongside the staff-led DEI Committee and works closely with the ERO Enterprise on similar efforts, and undertakes or supports several other important initiatives as directed by MRO's Governance and Personnel Committee.

MRO has developed a culture and talent management program that features intentional connection, communication, and training for all levels of staff. Training initiatives and opportunities for employee collaboration are planned to create peer-to-peer mentorship and information and knowledge sharing, theme-focused learning, and dedicated team building. MRO continues to review and enhance its employee engagement and culture enrichment activities in an effort to positively impact all stages of the employee life cycle from candidate identification, the onboarding experience of new employees, as well as the overall corporate culture to be an "employer of choice" that attracts and retains qualified staff.

Human Resources Resource Requirements

Overall Budget Change 2023 vs 2022 (Increase \$169.5K, 35.7%)

The budget change in this administrative area is primarily due to the added cost of recruiter fees and a scheduled compensation study.

Personnel Expense (Increase \$7.8K, 2.1%)

Average salary increases were budgeted at 3 percent with an additional 1.5 percent in promotion, equity, and market adjustments. Benefits increased due to projected increase in medical premium costs. This is partially offset by the slight decline in FTE.

Operating Expense (Increase \$161.7K, 169%)

Budgeted amounts in office costs increased to address recruiter fees and compensation consulting.



Human Resources Budget Detail

The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Human Resources Program.

Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures and Change in Working Capital 2022 Budget & Projection, and 2023 Budget												
HUMAN RESOURCES												
	202 2022 2022 v 2022		Variance 2022 Budget v 2022 Projection 2023 Over(Under) Budget			Variance 2023 Budget v 2022 Budget Over(Under)						
Funding												
ERO Funding NERC Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Penalties Released	Ŷ	-	Ŷ		Ŷ		Ŷ	-	Ŷ			
Total Funding (A)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Expenses												
Personnel Expenses												
Salaries	\$	273,690	\$	273,690	\$	-	\$	275,529	\$	1,839		
Payroll Taxes		18,244		18,244		-		18,801		557		
Benefits		34,323		34,323		-		36,806		2,483		
Retirement Costs	.	50,353		50,353	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	53,322		2,969		
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	376,610	\$	376,610	\$		\$	384,458	\$	7,848		
Meeting Expenses												
Meetings	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	-	Ş	-	\$	-		
Travel Total Meeting Expenses	\$	2,000 2.000	\$	2,000 2,000	\$		\$	2,000 2,000	\$			
	<u> </u>	2,000	<u> </u>	2,000	<u> </u>		<u>,</u>	2,000	<u> </u>			
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts	\$	27,000	\$	27,000	ć		\$	125,000	\$	98,000		
Office Rent	Ŷ	27,000	7	27,000	Υ.	_	Ŷ	125,000	Ŷ	-		
Office Costs		68,675		68,675		-		132,325		63,650		
Professional Services		-				-		-		-		
Miscellaneous		_		-		-		-		-		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	95,675	\$	95,675	\$	-	\$	257,325	\$	161,650		
Other Non-Operating Expenses	s	_	s	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
			-				-					
Indirect Expenses	\$	(474,285)	\$	(474,285)	\$	-	\$	(643,783)	\$	(169,498		
Total Expenses (B)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Change in Net Assets (=A - B)		,	\$		\$		\$		Ś			
Change in Net Assets (-A - D)	->	-	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-		
Fixed Asset Additions, excluding Right of Use Assets (C)		-		-		-		-		-		
TOTAL BUDGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	ć		Ś		Ś		Ś		ć			
TOTAL CHANGE IN RESERVES (=A-B-C)	Ş	-	Ş	-	<u>ې</u>	-	Ş	-	->	-		
FTEs		2.15		2.15				2.00		(0.15		

Table A-19. Human Resources Budget Detail

Finance and Accounting

The following table lists the Finance and Accounting budget.

Fin	e and Accounting whole dollars)	g		
	2022 Budget		2023 Budget	Increase (Decrease)
Total FTEs	4.35		3.52	(0.83)
Total Direct Expenses	\$ 2,329,953	\$	1,118,839	\$ (1,211,114)
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Working Capital Requirement	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -

Table A-20.Finance and Accounting Budget

Program Scope and Functional Description

Finance and Accounting

The Finance and Accounting function directs the overall financial planning and accounting practices of the organization, oversees treasury, accounting, budget, tax, and audit activities, as well as the financial and accounting system controls and standards. The Finance and Accounting function also administers employee benefit plans, including the 401(k) and Retiree Medical Trust, and reports the overall outcome of MRO's annual activities to the MRO Board of Directors.

Finance and Accounting Resource Requirements

Overall Budget Change 2023 vs 2022 (Decrease \$1.2M, 52.0%)

The decreased costs in the Finance and Accounting area is a result of moving office rent to the General and Administrative program.

Personnel Expenses (Decrease 51.8K, 6.2%)

Average salary increases were budgeted at 3 percent with an additional 1.5 percent in promotion, equity, and market adjustments. Benefits increased due to projected increase in medical premium costs. The increase is offset by the reduced FTE in this program.

Meeting Expenses (Remain flat)

Historic cost trends and anticipated use of virtual technology were used to retain travel cost estimates at the 2022 level.

Operating Expenses (Decrease \$1.16M, 77.6%)

The decrease in this area is due to moving office rent to the General and Administrative program.

Finance and Accounting Budget Detail

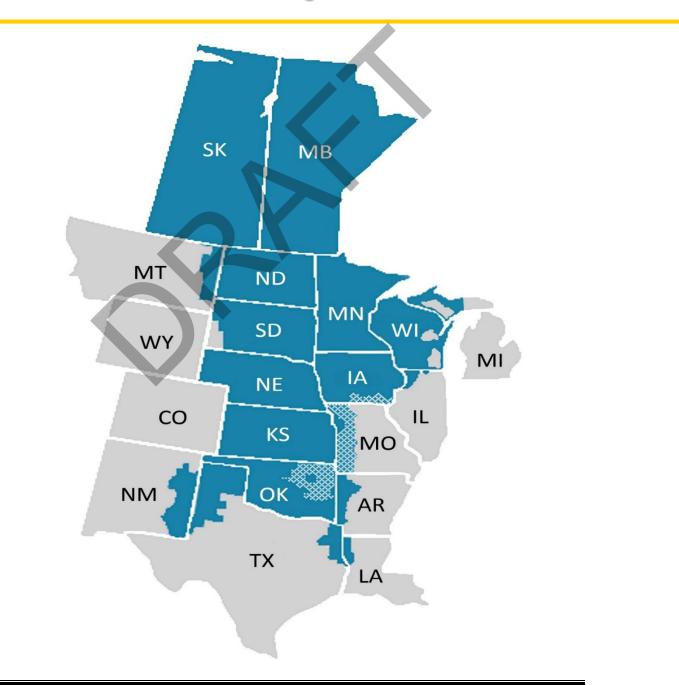
The following table shows funding sources and related expenses for the Finance and Accounting Program.

Statement of Activities, Fixed Assets Expenditures and Change in Working Capital 2022 Budget & Projection, and 2023 Budget FINANCE and ACCOUNTING												
	FINA	2022 Budget		2022 Projection	202 v 202	ariance 2 Budget 2 Projection er(Under)		2023 Budget	v	Variance 023 Budget 2022 Budget Over(Under)		
Funding												
ERO Funding NERC Assessments	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$			
Penalties Released	<i>ڊ</i>	-	ڔ		ç		ç	-	ç			
Total Funding (A)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Expenses												
Personnel Expenses												
Salaries	\$	606,220	\$	606,220	\$	-	\$	576,825	\$	(29,395		
Payroll Taxes		37,423		37,423		-		34,733		(2,690		
Benefits		74,578		74,578		-		64,779		(9,799		
Retirement Costs		111,583		111,583		-		101,703		(9,880		
Total Personnel Expenses	\$	829,803	\$	829,803	\$	-	\$	778,039	\$	(51,764		
Meeting Expenses												
Meetings	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$		Ś	1,000	\$	-		
Travel		5,000		5,000		-		5,000		-		
Total Meeting Expenses	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	-	\$	6,000	\$	-		
Operating Expenses												
Consultants & Contracts	Ś	53,850	\$	53,850	Ś	-	\$	61,000	\$	7,150		
Office Rent	+	1,132,100		1,132,100	<u> </u>	-	+		Ŧ	(1,132,100		
Office Costs		249,200		249,200		-		217,800		(31,400		
Professional Services		59,000		59,000	2	-		56,000		(3,000		
Miscellaneous				-		-				-		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,494,150	\$	1,494,150	\$	-	\$	334,800	\$	(1,159,350		
Other Non-Operating Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Indirect Expenses	\$	(2,329,953)	\$	(2,329,953)	\$	-	\$	(1,118,839)	\$	1,211,114		
Total Expenses (B)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Change in Net Assets (=A - B)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	-											
Fixed Asset Additions, excluding Right of Use Assets		-	~	-		-		-		-		
Allocation of Fixed Assets Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	\$		\$ \$		\$		\$		\$	-		
TOTAL BUDGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	<u> </u>		\$	-	\$	-	ŝ		ŝ			
	-		•				•		Ŧ			
TOTAL CHANGE IN RESERVES (=A-B-C)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
FTEs		4.35		4.35				3.52		(0.83		

Table A-21. Finance and Accounting Budget Detail

Section B – Supplemental Financial Information

2023 Business Plan and Budget



Section B – Supplemental Financial Information

Reserve Balance

Table B-1 analyzes the reserve for 2022 through 2023.

	Reserve Analy	/sis 2021-2023		
	Total	Working Capital	30-Day	Assessment Stabilization
	Reserves	Reserves	Reserves	Reserves (ASR)
Beginning, January 1,2021	8,512,161	5,904,677.00		2,607,484
Plus: Penalty Sanctions ¹	517,497			517,497
Plus: Release from ASR	-	(1,500,000.00)		1,500,000
Plus: 2021 Assessments	16,983,251	16,983,251.00		
Adjustment for targeted 30-day reserves		(1,513,332.00)	1,513,332.00	
Less: 2021 Projected Expenditures	(17,634,982)	(17,634,982.00)		
Final Reserves December 31, 2021	8,377,927	2,239,614	1,513,332	4,624,981
Beginning, January 1, 2022	8,377,927	2,239,614	1,513,332	4,624,981
Plus: Penalty Sanctions ¹	273,100	458,250		(185,150)
Plus: Release from ASR	-	1,743,698		(1,743,698)
Plus: 2022 Assessments	17,832,414	17,832,414		
Adjustment for targeted 30-day reserves		(156,198)	156,198.12	
Less: 2022 Projected Expenditures	(20,034,361)	(20,034,361)		
Projected Reserves December 31, 2022	6,449,079	2,083,416	1,669,530	2,696,133
Beginning, January 1, 2023	6,449,079	2,083,416	1,669,530	2,696,133
Plus: Penalty Sanctions ¹	-	332,347		(332,347)
Plus: Release from ASR	-	2,242,847		(2,242,847)
Plus: 2023 Assessments	20,507,276	20,507,276		
Adjustment for targeted 30-day reserves		(254,009)	254,008.97	
Less: 2023 Budgeted Expenditures	(23,082,469)	(23,082,469)		
Projected Reserves December 31, 2023	3,873,886	1,829,407	1,923,539	120,940

¹ Penalties collected between July 1 of the previous year through June 30 of the current budget year are released in the following budget year

Table B-1.Reserve Analysis 2022 - 2023

Explanation of Significant Variances from 2022

Per Policy and Procedure 13, MRO's reserves are identified and quantified each year in the Business Plan and Budget. MRO resets its reserves at the beginning of each year. MRO's FAC resolved that a 30-day reserve of cash is sufficient based on MRO's cash flow risk. The FAC and the board determined that the certainty of MRO's funding stream supports the resolution that a 30-day reserve is reasonable for sustaining short-term contingencies.

Policy and Procedure 13 also addresses additional cash-on-hand necessary to meet unplanned, short-term financial needs resulting from changes in the level of expenditures that would adversely affect the company's total annual operating budget during the budget year. The policy combines penalties received and surplus working capital. MRO staff may propose to set aside these funds in a separate reserve account to be released in future periods to mitigate year-over-year variations in assessments. MRO proposes to release \$2,575,194 from assessment stabilization reserves to offset assessment increases.

Breakdown by Statement of Activity Sections

Table B-2 lists all penalties, including date received and amount, received prior to June 30, 2022.

Penalty Sanctions Received On or Prior to June 30, 2022	Date Received	Amount eceived
	Nov-21 Jun-22	\$ 58,828 273,100
Total Penalties Received		\$ 331,928
Table D. 2. Density Constiens Dessived		

Table B-2. Penalty Sanctions Received

Penalty Sanctions

All penalties received after July 1, 2021, and prior to June 30, 2022, are listed above, including the amount and date received.

Allocation Method: Penalty sanctions received have been combined with surplus working capital (if any). MRO staff may set aside these funds in a separate reserve account to be released in future budget periods to mitigate year-over-year variations in budget assessments. Assuming no additional penalties are collected, all remaining penalty dollars will be released in the 2023 budget year as part of assessment stabilization. Interest earned on penalties collected will also be added to the total amount released.



Table B-3 lis	ts the budget for Supplemental F	undi	ng.					
	J Breakdown By Program (Excluding		Budget 2022		Projection 2022	Budget 2023	2	Variance 2023 Budget v 2022 Budget
Compliance Mor Other	nitoring, Enforcement & Org. Registration	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Reliability Asses Other	sment and Performance Analysis				-			
	Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Training and Ed Testing Fee CEH Fees Workshops Other	es and Certificate Renewals	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -		- - -
Other	Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Situation Aware FIST Royaltie TSIN Fees Other	ness and Infrastructure Security s	\$	-	\$	< <u> </u>	\$ -	\$	-
	Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
General and Ad Interest Incon Other		\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	Total Outside Funding	\$		\$	-	\$ _	\$	
Table B-3	Supplemental Funding			-				

Table B-3. Supplemental Funding

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2023 Budget versus 2022 Budget

MRO does not earn interest income on general cash held. MRO does not budget interest income on penalties received and held for future budget years. All interest earned is applied to reserves for the reduction of future assessments.

Table B-4 summarizes Personnel Expenses.

Personnel Expenses		Budget 2022	Projection 2022	Budget 2023	Variance 023 Budget v 2022 Budget	Variance %
Total Salaries	\$	11,416,562	\$ 11,416,562	\$ 13,294,284	\$ 1,877,722	16.4%
Total Payroll Taxes		744,165	744,165	863,417	119,252	16.0%
Total Benefits		1,193,996	1,193,996	1,425,181	231,185	19.4%
Total Retirement		1,922,258	1,922,258	2,277,278	355,020	18.5%
Total Personnel Costs	\$	15,276,980	\$ 15,276,980	\$ 17,860,160	\$ 2,583,180	16.9%
FTEs		71.00	71.00	78.00	7.00	9.9%
Cost per FTE						
Salaries	5	160,797	\$ 160,797	\$ 170,440	9,643	6.0%
Payroll Taxes	5	10,481	10,481	11,069	588	5.6%
Benefits	5	16,817	16,817	18,272	1,455	8.7%
Retiremen	t	27,074	27,074	29,196	2,122	7.8%
Total Cost per FTE	\$	215,169	\$ 215,169	\$ 228,976	\$ 13,808	6.4%
Table B-4. Personnel Exp	oen	ses				

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2023 Budget versus 2022 Budget

Personnel Expenses (Increase \$2.6M, 16.9%)

The following assumptions were used to determine the 2023 MRO budget:

- Total personnel expenses were increased to include the addition of 7 FTEs to support the statutory and administrative programs.
- Average salary increases werebudgeted at 3 percent with an additional 1.5 percent in promotion, equity, and market adjustments. Benefit costs are projected to increase by 12 percent.

Table B-5 lists the budget for Meeting Expenses.

Meeting Expenses	Budget 2022		Projection 2022	Budget 2023	Variance 2023 Budget v 2022 Budget	Variance %
Meeting Expenses Travel	\$ 178,877 581,670	\$ \$	178,877 581,670	\$ 178,877 581,670	\$ -	0.0% 0.0%
Total Meeting Expenses	\$ 760,547	\$	760,547	\$ 760,547	\$ -	0.0%

Table B-5.Meeting Expenses

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2023 Budget versus 2022 Budget

Meeting Expenses

Meeting expenses remain flat and reflects increased use of virtual meetings.

Travel Expenses

Travel expenses remain flat for both staff travel and member reimbursement. Travel dollars for participation on ERO collaboration groups, the Align project, and member travel for organizational group face-to-face meetings trended very low in prior years and it is anticipated that there will be a slow return to travel as pandemic restrictions ease. These costs will not be as high as in prior years, as MRO has adopted a hybrid approach of virtual and in-person meetings. The increased use of virtual technology is a key factor for maintaining low costs.



Table B-6 lists the budget for Consultants and Contracts.

Consultants	Budget 2022	Projection 2022	Budget 2023	Variance 2023 Budget v 2022 Budget	
Consultants					
Reliability Standards	\$ \$	- \$	-	\$-	
Compliance	165,000	165,000	130,000	(35,000)	-21%
Reliability Analysis and Organization Registration and Certification	-	-	-	-	
Training and Education	-	-	-	-	
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security	-	-	-	-	
General and Administrative	65,000	65,000	80,000	15,000	23%
Legal	54,900	54,900	54,900	-	0%
Information Technology	165,200	165,200	165,200	-	0%
Human Resources	-	-	-	-	
Accounting and Finance	 7,500	7,500	9,000	1,500	20%
Consultants Total	\$ 457,600 \$	457,600 \$	439,100	\$ (18,500)	-4%

Contracts		Budget 2022				Variance
Our transition				>		
Contracts Reliability Standards	\$		\$ -	\$ -	s -	
	Ŧ	- 218,382	-	φ - 218,382	φ -	0%
Compliance	4		218,382		-	
Reliability Analysis and Organization Registration and Certification		71,100	71,100	41,100	(30,000)	-42%
Event Analysis		-		-	-	
Training and Education			-	-	-	
Situation Awareness and Infrastructure Security		-	-		-	
Committee and Member Forums		-	-	-	-	
General and Administrative			-	-	-	
Legal			-	-	-	
Information Technology		384,368	384,368	505,436	121,068	31%
Human Resources		27,000	27,000	125,000	98,000	363%
Accounting and Finance		46,350	46,350	52,000	5,650	12%
Contracts Total	\$ 7	747,200	\$ 747,200	\$ 941,918	\$ 194,718	26%

Table B-6. Consultants and Contracts

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2023 Budget versus 2022 Budget

Consultants for Compliance (Decrease \$35K, 21%)

Consultants used in the compliance area were historically budgeted toperform CMEP activities in case staffing levels were not adequate to perform delegated work. MRO is projecting a decreased need for consultants in 2023. The scope of consulting work for compliance in the 2023 BP&B is to seek outside expertise in process efficiencies around the new Align tool.

Consultants for General and Administrative (Increase \$15K, 23%)

The increase in this area includes recruiter fees for independent director search fees due to scheduled seat vacancies in 2023.

Contracts for Reliability Analysis (Decrease \$30K, 42%)

Contracts consist of external modeling software that is being discontinued. New software will be managed by MRO's Information Technology Department. Internal staff will coordinate with external technical support for this software.

Contracts for Information Technology (Increase \$121K, 31%)

This increase is due to contract costs for new security software, applications, and data analytics. It also includes a modeling software contract previously managed by the Reliability Analysis Department.

Contracts for Human Resources (Increase \$98K, 363%)

Human resource contracts consist primarily of the engagement of recruiting firms to source specialized candidates with bulk power system or related engineering and security expertise.

Table B-7 lists the budget for Office Rent.

Office Rent	Budget 2022	Projection 2022	Budget 2023	2	Variance 2023 Budget v 2022 Budget	
Office Rent	\$ 1,086,100	\$ 1,086,100	\$ 1,000,000	\$	(86,100)	-7.9%
Utilities	11,000	\$ 11,000	11,000		-	0.0%
Maintenance	35,000	\$ 35,000	35,000		-	0.0%
Total Office Rent	\$ 1,132,100	\$ 1,132,100	\$ 1,046,000	\$	(86,100)	-7.61%

Table B-7.Office Rent

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2023 Budget versus 2022 Budget

Rent is lower due to adjusted occupancy costs from prior years and anticipated adjustments resulting from the adoption of new accounting standards for leases.

Approved by MRO Board of Directors:

Table B-8 lists the budget for Office Costs.

Office Costs		Budget 2022	Projection 2022	Budget 2023	Variance 2023 Budget v 2022 Budget	Variance %
Phone Service						
Data Circuit (qmoe)	9	60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ -	0.00%
Webex		19,200	19,200	30,000	10,800	56.25%
Voice Circuits		18,000	18,000	18,000	-	0.00%
Business Cable		3,250	3,250	3,250	-	0.00%
Disaster Recovery Site		-	-	-	-	
Internet/Cell		63,854	63,854	117,030	53,176	83.28%
Office Supplies		36,700	36,700	36,700	-	0.00%
Employee Member Events		34,000	34,000	39,000	5,000	14.71%
Employee Related Expense		27,400	27,400	30,900	3,500	12.77%
Computer Supplies and Maintenance		138,500	138,500	180,500	42,000	30.32%
Publications & Subscriptions		23,675	23,675	26,525	2,850	12.04%
Professional Dues		23,560	23,560	27,489	3,929	16.68%
Postage		4,200	4,200	3,200	(1,000)	-23.81%
Temporary Services		55,000	55,000	55,000	-	0.00%
Finance-Filing/Reg Fees		4,400	4,400	4,400	-	0.00%
Equipment Repair/Service Contracts		39,000	39,000	39,000	-	0.00%
Bank Charges		20,000	20,000	20,000	-	0.00%
Presentation, Publicity, & Supplies Promotional		25,000	25,000	25,000	-	0.00%
Departmental Functional Training		282,195	282,195	328,750	46,555	16.50%
Insurance Expense		90,000	90,000	110,000	20,000	22.22%
Total Office Costs	ç	\$ 967,934	\$ 967,934	\$ 1,154,744	\$ 186,810	19.30%

Table B-8. Office Costs

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2023 Budget versus 2022 Budget (Increase \$187K, 19.3%)

The increase in Office Costs is primarily the result of seven additional FTEs. This is reflected in functional training, computer supplies and maintenance, internet/cell phone, and WebEx license expenses. Adding to this increase is the expected rise in cyber liability insurance premiums as a result of the rise in cyber crime across the country.

Approved by MRO Board of Directors:

Table B-9 lists the budget for Professional Services.

	Budget	Projection	Budaet	2	Variance 023 Budget v	
Professional Services	2022	2022	2023		2022 Budget	Variance %
Independent Trustee Fees	\$ 330,500	\$ 330,500	\$ 430,500	\$	100,000	30.26%
Independent Trustee Travel Reimbursement	30,000	30,000	30,000		-	0.00%
Outside Legal	100,000	100,000	100,000		-	0.00%
Branding and Videography	47,500		15,000		(32,500)	-68.42%
Accounting and Auditing Fees	36,000	36,000	36,000		-	0.00%
Actuarial Fees	23,000	23,000	20,000		(3,000)	-13.04%
Total Services	\$ 567,000	\$ 519,500	\$ 631,500	\$	64,500	11.38%

Table B-9.Professional Services

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2023 Budget versus 2022 Budget

This increase includes recruiter fees for an independent director search due to scheduled seat vacancies in 2023.

Table B-10 lists the budget for Miscellaneous.

Miscellaneous Expenses		Budget 2022		Projection 2022		Budget 2023		Variance 023 Budget v 2022 Budget	Variance %
	Ś	_	\$	_	\$	-	Ś	-	
	Ŧ		Ŧ	-	Ŧ		Ŧ	-	
		-		-		-		-	
Total Miscellaneous Expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%

Table B-10. Miscellaneous

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2023 Budget versus 2022 Budget

MRO has not budgeted any Miscellaneous Expenses in 2023.

Table B-11 lists the budget for other Non-Operating Expenses.

Other Non-Operating Expenses	Budget 2022	Projection 2022	Budget 2023	Variance 2023 Budget v 2022 Budget	
Interest Expense	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Line of Credit Payment		-		-	
Office Relocation	-	-	-	-	
Total Non-Operating Expenses	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	0.00%

Table B-11. Other Non-Operating Expenses

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2023 Budget versus 2022 Budget MRO has not budgeted any Non-Operating Expenses in 2023.

Table B-12 lists the budget for Fixed Assets.

Fixed Assets	Budget 2022	Projection 2022	Budget 2023	Variance 2023 Budget v 2022 Budget	
Computer Equipment	125,000	125,000	248,500	123,500	98.8%
Capitalized Software	-	-		-	
Furniture and Equipment	-	-	-	-	
Leasehold Improvements	-	-	-	-	
Total Change in Fixed Assets	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 248,500	\$ 123,500	98.8%

Table B-12. Fixed Assets

Explanation of Significant Variances – 2023 Budget versus 2022 Budget

MRO's capital asset costs average \$250K per year for the replacement of end-of life assets. MRO experienced an office expansion in 2020-2021 that included \$125K towards the replacement of end-of-life capital assets scheduled for 2022. Leaving the remainder of those costs fulfilled in 2022 at \$125K. The budgeted 2023 capital assets return to normal at the \$250K level for the replacement of end-of-life assets scheduled for 2023.

Approved by MRO Board of Directors:

Table B-13 compares the 2023 budget with projections for 2024 - 2025.

	2022									
	2023 Budget		2024 Projection		\$ Change 23 v 24	% Change 23 v 24	2025 Projection		\$ Change 24 v 25	% Change 24 v 25
					-	-			-	
\$	20,507,276	\$		\$	3,076,091	15.00% \$	26,885,038	\$	3,301,671	14.00
	2,575,194		120,940		(2,454,254)	-95.30%	-		-	
					-				-	
					-				-	
					-				-	
					-				-	
-	22 002 460		22 204 202		-	2.70/ 4	20 005 020		-	
>	23,082,469	Ş	23,704,307	Ş	621,837	2.1% \$	26,885,038	Ş	3,301,671	
\$	13,294,284	\$	14,712,343	\$	1,418,059	10.7% \$	15,655,352	\$	943,009	6.4
	863,417		955,803		92,386	10.7%	1,016,974		61,171	6.4
	1,425,181		1,596,203		171,022	12.0%	1,739,861		143,658	9.
	2,277,278		2,550,552		273,273	12.0%	2,805,607		255,055	10.
\$	17,860,160	\$	19,814,900	\$	1,954,740	10.9% \$	21,217,794	\$	1,402,894	
ć	179 977	ć	196 022		7 155	1.0% \$	102 / 72		7 441	4.0
ç		Ļ								4.0
\$		\$	790,969	\$	30,422	4.0% \$		\$	31,639	
\$		\$	1,450,069		69,051	5.0% \$	1,508,072		58,003	4.
	1,046,000	۲.,	1,077,380		31,380	3.0% \$	1,120,475		43,095	4.
	1,154,744		1,212,481				1,260,980		48,499	4.
	631,500		650,445		18,945	3.0% \$	676,463		26,018	4.
	-		-			<u> </u>	-		-	
\$	4,213,262	\$	4,390,375	\$	177,113	4.2% \$	4,565,990	\$	175,615	
ć		ć				ć				
<u>,</u>		- 7				Ş				
\$	-	\$			•	\$	-		-	
\$	22,833,969		24,996,244		2,162,275	9.5%	26,606,392		1,610,147	
<u> </u>	248 500	ć	(1 201 028)		(1 540 428)	-610.0% ¢	278 647		1 601 524	
	248,300	Ş	(1,231,338)		(1,540,438)	-019.976 3	278,047		1,091,924	
\$	248,500	\$	250,000	\$	1,500	0.6% \$	250,000	\$	250,000	
1	22,092,452		25.246.244		3 1 6 3 775	0.4%	20.050.202	¢	1.000.147	6.
u >	23,082,469	Ş	25,246,244	Ş	2,163,775	9.4% \$	26,856,392	Ş	1,860,147	6.
Ś		\$	(1.541.938)	Ś		4	28.647			
		÷	(1)0 11,000)	Ť		Ý	-0,047			
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 23,082,469 \$ 13,294,284 863,417 1,425,181 2,277,278 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 178,877 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 178,877 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 1,381,018 1,046,000 1,154,744 631,500 \$ 4,213,262 \$ - \$ 22,833,969 \$ 248,500 \$ 23,082,469	2,575,194 \$ 23,082,469 \$ \$ 13,294,284 \$ 863,417 1,425,181 2,277,278 \$ 178,877 \$ \$ 178,877 \$ \$ 178,877 \$ \$ 178,877 \$ \$ 178,877 \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,046,000 * 1,154,744 631,500 \$ 4,213,262 \$ \$ - \$ \$ 22,833,969 \$ 248,500 \$ \$ 248,500 \$ \$ 23,082,469 \$	2,575,194 120,940 \$ 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 863,417 955,803 1,425,181 1,596,203 2,277,278 2,550,552 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 19,814,900 \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 581,670 604,937 \$ 760,547 \$ 790,969 \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 1,046,000 1,077,380 1,154,744 1,212,481 631,500 650,445 \$ 4,213,262 \$ 4,390,375 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 22,833,969 24,996,244 \$ 248,500 \$ 250,000 \$ 248,500 \$ 25,246,244	2,575,194 120,940 \$ 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 \$ 863,417 955,803 1,425,181 1,596,203 2,277,278 2,550,552 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 19,814,900 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 19,814,900 \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 581,670 604,937 \$ 760,547 \$ 790,969 \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 1,046,000 1,077,380 1,154,744 1,212,481 631,500 650,445 \$ 4,213,262 \$ 4,390,375 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - <td>2,575,194 120,940 (2,454,254) \$ 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 621,837 \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 \$ 1,418,059 863,417 955,803 92,386 1,425,181 1,596,203 171,022 2,277,278 2,550,552 273,273 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 19,814,900 \$ 1,954,740 \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 581,670 604,937 23,267 \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 581,670 604,937 23,267 \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 1,046,000 1,077,380 31,380 1,154,744 1,212,481 57,737 631,500 650,445 18,945 5 \$ - \$ -</td> <td>2,575,194 120,940 (2,454,254) -95.30% \$ 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 621,837 2.7% \$ \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 \$ 1,418,059 10.7% \$ 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% 1,425,181 1,596,203 171,022 12.0% 2,277,278 2,550,552 273,273 12.0% 2,277,278 2,550,552 273,273 10.9% \$ \$ 17,860,160 \$ 19,814,900 \$ 1,954,740 10.9% \$ \$ \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 4.0% \$ \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 4.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,32,262 \$ 4,390,375 \$ 177,113 \$ 4.2% \$ 5 \$ 2,2,833,969 24,996,244 2,162,275 9.5% \$ 2,2,833,969 24,996,244 2,162,275 9.5% \$ 248,500 \$ 2</td> <td>2,575,194 120,940 (2,454,254) -95.30% - \$ 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 621,837 2.7% \$ 26,885,038 \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 \$ 1,418,059 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% \$ 10,16,974 1,425,181 1,596,203 171,022 12.0% 1,739,861 2,277,278 2,550,552 273,273 12.0% 2,805,607 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 19,814,900 \$ 1,954,740 10.9% \$ 21,217,794 \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 4.0% \$ 193,473 581,670 604,937 23,267 4.0% \$ 193,473 581,670 604,937 23,267 4.0% \$ 822,608 \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ 1,508,072 1,046,000 1,077,380 31,380 3.0% \$ 1,260,980 \$</td> <td>2,575,194 120,940 (2,454,254) -95.30% \$ 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 621,837 2.7% \$ 26,885,038 \$ \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 \$ 1,418,059 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 863,417 955,803 92,386 1,425,181 1,596,203 171,022 1,425,181 1,596,203 171,022 2,777,278 2,805,607 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 19,814,900 \$ 1,954,740 10.9% \$ 21,217,794 \$ \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 4.0% \$ 193,473 \$ 178,877 \$ 760,547 \$ 790,969 \$ 30,422 4.0% \$ 822,608 \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ 1,200,475 1,046,000 \$ 1,077,380 31,380 3.0% \$ 1,260,980 631,500 650,445 18,945 3.0% \$ 676,463 \$ 4,213,262 \$ 4,390,375 \$ 177,113 4.2% \$ 4,565,990 \$ \$ \$ 22,833,969 24,996,244 2,162,275 9.5% 26,606,392 \$ 248,500 \$ (1,291,938) (1,540,438) -619.9% \$ 278,647 \$ 248,500 \$ (1,291,938) (1,540,438) -619.9% \$ 250,000 \$ \$ 248,500 \$ (25,246,244 \$ 2,163,775 9.4% \$ 26,856,392 \$</td> <td>2,575,194 120,940 (2,454,254) -95.30% - 5 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 621,837 2.7% \$ 26,885,038 \$ 3,301,671 \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 \$ 1,418,059 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 943,009 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 943,009 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 943,009 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 943,009 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 943,009 \$ 1,425,181 1,596,033 171,022 12.0% 1,739,861 143,658 2,277,278 2,250,552 273,273 10.9% \$ 21,217,794 \$ 1,402,894 \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 4.0% \$ 193,473 7,441 \$ 1,046,000 \$ 1,077,380<</td>	2,575,194 120,940 (2,454,254) \$ 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 621,837 \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 \$ 1,418,059 863,417 955,803 92,386 1,425,181 1,596,203 171,022 2,277,278 2,550,552 273,273 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 19,814,900 \$ 1,954,740 \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 581,670 604,937 23,267 \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 581,670 604,937 23,267 \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 1,046,000 1,077,380 31,380 1,154,744 1,212,481 57,737 631,500 650,445 18,945 5 \$ - \$ -	2,575,194 120,940 (2,454,254) -95.30% \$ 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 621,837 2.7% \$ \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 \$ 1,418,059 10.7% \$ 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% 1,425,181 1,596,203 171,022 12.0% 2,277,278 2,550,552 273,273 12.0% 2,277,278 2,550,552 273,273 10.9% \$ \$ 17,860,160 \$ 19,814,900 \$ 1,954,740 10.9% \$ \$ \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 4.0% \$ \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 4.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ \$ 1,32,262 \$ 4,390,375 \$ 177,113 \$ 4.2% \$ 5 \$ 2,2,833,969 24,996,244 2,162,275 9.5% \$ 2,2,833,969 24,996,244 2,162,275 9.5% \$ 248,500 \$ 2	2,575,194 120,940 (2,454,254) -95.30% - \$ 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 621,837 2.7% \$ 26,885,038 \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 \$ 1,418,059 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% \$ 10,16,974 1,425,181 1,596,203 171,022 12.0% 1,739,861 2,277,278 2,550,552 273,273 12.0% 2,805,607 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 19,814,900 \$ 1,954,740 10.9% \$ 21,217,794 \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 4.0% \$ 193,473 581,670 604,937 23,267 4.0% \$ 193,473 581,670 604,937 23,267 4.0% \$ 822,608 \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ 1,508,072 1,046,000 1,077,380 31,380 3.0% \$ 1,260,980 \$	2,575,194 120,940 (2,454,254) -95.30% \$ 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 621,837 2.7% \$ 26,885,038 \$ \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 \$ 1,418,059 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 863,417 955,803 92,386 1,425,181 1,596,203 171,022 1,425,181 1,596,203 171,022 2,777,278 2,805,607 \$ 17,860,160 \$ 19,814,900 \$ 1,954,740 10.9% \$ 21,217,794 \$ \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 4.0% \$ 193,473 \$ 178,877 \$ 760,547 \$ 790,969 \$ 30,422 4.0% \$ 822,608 \$ \$ 1,381,018 \$ 1,450,069 69,051 5.0% \$ 1,200,475 1,046,000 \$ 1,077,380 31,380 3.0% \$ 1,260,980 631,500 650,445 18,945 3.0% \$ 676,463 \$ 4,213,262 \$ 4,390,375 \$ 177,113 4.2% \$ 4,565,990 \$ \$ \$ 22,833,969 24,996,244 2,162,275 9.5% 26,606,392 \$ 248,500 \$ (1,291,938) (1,540,438) -619.9% \$ 278,647 \$ 248,500 \$ (1,291,938) (1,540,438) -619.9% \$ 250,000 \$ \$ 248,500 \$ (25,246,244 \$ 2,163,775 9.4% \$ 26,856,392 \$	2,575,194 120,940 (2,454,254) -95.30% - 5 23,082,469 \$ 23,704,307 \$ 621,837 2.7% \$ 26,885,038 \$ 3,301,671 \$ 13,294,284 \$ 14,712,343 \$ 1,418,059 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 943,009 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 943,009 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 943,009 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 943,009 863,417 955,803 92,386 10.7% \$ 15,655,352 \$ 943,009 \$ 1,425,181 1,596,033 171,022 12.0% 1,739,861 143,658 2,277,278 2,250,552 273,273 10.9% \$ 21,217,794 \$ 1,402,894 \$ 178,877 \$ 186,032 7,155 4.0% \$ 193,473 7,441 \$ 1,046,000 \$ 1,077,380<

Table B-13. Budget 2023 Compared with 2024-2025 Projections

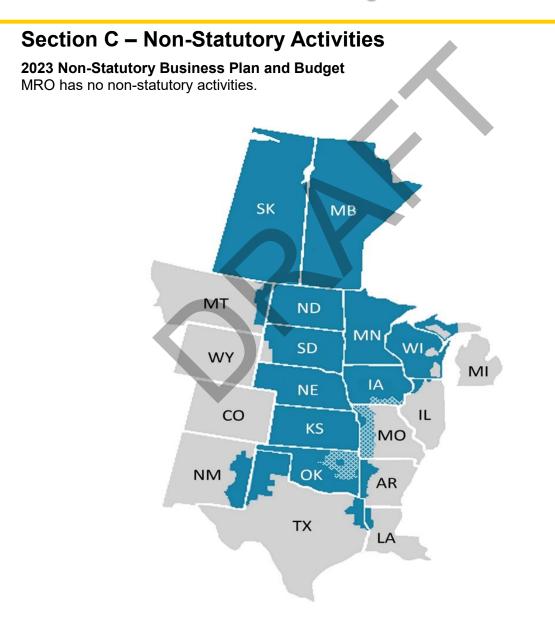
Explanation of 2024-2025 Projections

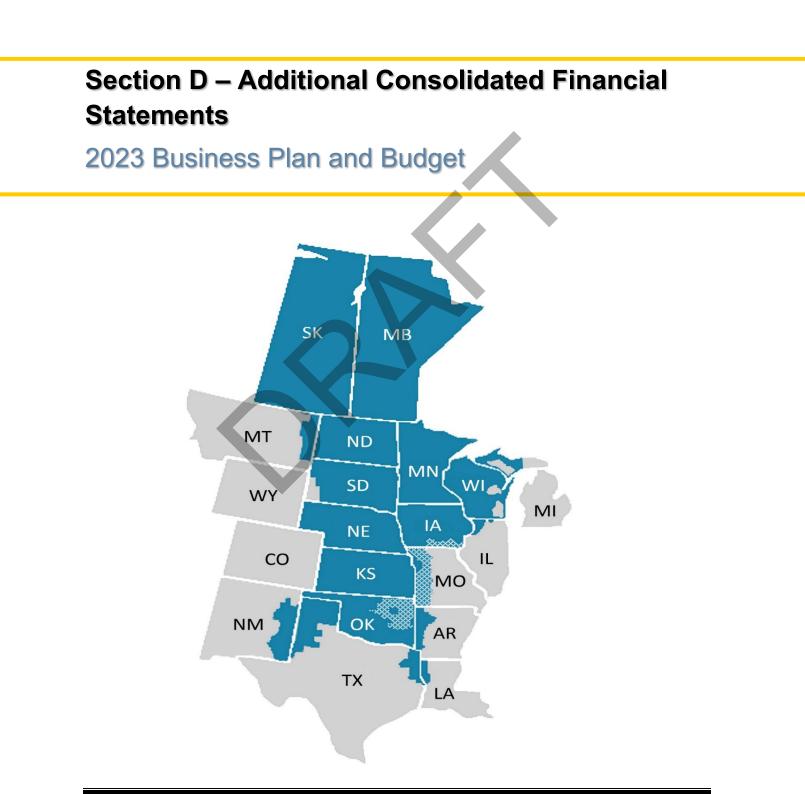
MRO has a strategic plan that addresses resource changes resulting from the implementation of the Align tool, increased risk focus in cyber and infrastructure security, and stakeholder and industry outreach.

- FTEs increase by seven year-over-year
- Meeting expenses increase four percent year-over-year
- Four percent escalation rate applied to operating expense categories
- Total budget increase of \$2.2MK in 2024
- Total budget increase of \$1.9M in 2025
- Zero penalties budgeted

Section C – Non-Statutory Activities

2023 Business Plan and Budget





Section D – Additional Consolidated Financial Statements

2023 Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program, Statutory and Non-Statutory

						Functions in Delegation Ag	greement					
		Dellability Chan deale		Reliability Analysis and Organization Registration and	Turini and Februaria	Situation Awareness and		Constant				A
Statement of Activities and Capital Expenditures by Program 2023 Business Plan and Budget	Statutory Total	Reliability Standards (Section 300)	Compliance (Section 400)	Certification (Section 800 & 500)	Training and Education (Section 600&900)	Infrastructure Security (Section 1000)	Committee and Member Forums	General and Administrative	Legal and Regulatory	Information Technology	Human Resources	Accounting and Finance
Funding												
ERO Funding												
NERC Assessments	20,507,276	233,301	14,707,917	4,777,811	1,921,999	1,109,095		(2,242,847)				
Assessment Stabilization Adjustment Membership Dues	332,347	3,611	213,770	69,174	28,942	16,849	L					
Testing Fees												
Services & Software												
Workshops & Miscellaneous Revenue												
Interest & Investment Income												
Total Funding (A)	20,839,623	236,912	14,921,687	4,846,985	1,950,941	1,125,944	· · ·	(2,242,847)	•		-	-
Expenses												
Personnel Expenses												
Salaries	13,294,284	98,403	6,323,947	2,101,041	765,029	464,895		908,838	591,987	1,187,790	275,529	576,825
Payroll Taxes	863,417	6,424	427,795	139,972	52,590	30,578		33,958	33,224	85,342	18,801	34,733
Benefits	1,425,181	11,598	685,082	217,524	89,316	54,105		49,320	48,952	167,699	36,806	64,779
Retirement Costs	2,277,278	17,792	1,093,595	352,240	131,338	83,501		117,584	90,199	236,004	53,322	101,703
Total Personnel Expenses	17,860,160	134,217	8,530,420	2,810,777	1,038,273	633,079	· ·	1,109,700	764,363	1,676,834	384,458	778,039
Meeting Expenses												
Meetings	178,877	1,400	11,500	9,000	90,000	4,277		60,000	500	1,200	-	1,000
Travel	581,670	6,500	224,470	127,600	50,500	30,500		110,300	19,800	5,000	2,000	5,000
Total Meeting Expenses	760,547	7,900	235,970	136,600	140,500	34,777		170,300	20,300	6,200	2,000	6,000
Operating Expenses Consultants & Contracts	1,381,018		348,382	41,100				80,000	54,900	670,636	125,000	61,000
Office Rent	1,046,000		540,502	41,100				1,046,000	54,500	070,000	125,000	01,000
Office Costs	1,154,744	-	194,430	42,350	12,300	15,710	-	130,650	39,529	369,650	132,325	217,800
Professional Services	631,500							460,500	115,000		· · · ·	56,000
Miscellaneous	· · ·										-	-
Total Operating Expenses	4,213,262		542,812	83,450	12,300	15,710		1,717,150	209,429	1,040,286	257,325	334,800
Total Direct Expenses	22,833,969	142,117	9,309,202	3,030,827	1,191,073	683,566	-	2,997,150	994,092	2,723,320	643,783	1,118,839
		,	-,,	,,				_,,		_/: _=/;==	- 10/100	_,,
Indirect Expenses	-	92,096	5,452,647	1,764,436	738,227	429,780	-	(2,997,150)	(994,092)	(2,723,320)	(643,783)	(1,118,839)
Other Non-Operating Expenses							-		-	-		-
Total Expenses (B)	22,833,969	234,212	14,761,849	4,795,262	1,929,300	1,113,345					-	
					,,	, , , ,						
Change in Net Assets	(1,994,347)	2,700	159,839	51,723	21,640	12,599	-	(2,242,847)	-	-	-	-
Fixed Assets												
Computer & Software CapEx	248,500									248,500		
Furniture & Fixtures CapEx	-									-		
Equipment CapEx												
Leasehold Improvements											-	
				54 B00		10 500				(0.00 500)		
Allocation of Fixed Assets		2,700	159,839	51,723	21,640	12,599				(248,500)	-	
Inc(Dec) in Fixed Assets (C)	248,500	2,700	159,839	51,723	21,640	12,599	-		-	-	-	-
TOTAL BUDGET (Total Expenses plus Fixed Asset Additions =B + C)	23,082,469	236,912	14,921,687	4,846,985	1,950,941	1,125,944	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL (=A-B-C)	(2,242,847)	0	(0)	(0)	(0)	0		(2,242,847)	-	-	-	-
FTEs	77.99	0.63	37.30	12.07	5.05	2.94		2.68	2.66	9.14	2.00	3.52
-		0.05	57.30	12.07	5.05	2.54		2.00	2.00	5.14	2.00	5.52
					-		_					

 Table D-1.
 Consolidated Statement of Activities by Program, Statutory and Non-Statutory

Table D-2.Three-Year Comparison

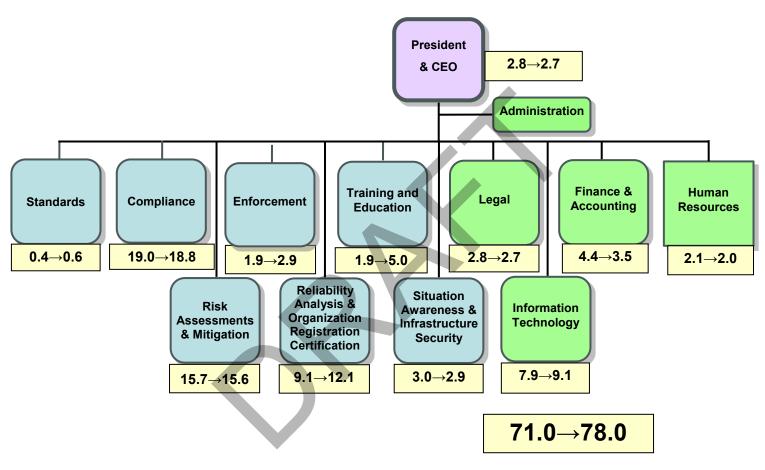


Appendix A

Organization Chart

The MRO Organization Chart is shown below.





FTE Trend from 2021 to 2025

2021	2022	2023	2024 Estimate	2025 Estimate
66.0	71.0	78.0	83.0	85.0

Figure 2. Organization Chart and FTE Trend

Appendix B

This section lists acronyms used in this document.

Acronym	Definition
ASR	Assessment Stabilization Reserve
BES	Bulk Electric System
BPS	Bulk Power System
CMEP	Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program
CMEPAC	Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program Advisory Council
СОР	Compliance Oversight Plan
DADS	Demand Response Availability Data System
E-ISAC	Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center
ERAG	Eastern Interconnection Reliability Assessment Group
ERO	Electric Reliability Organization
FAC	Finance and Audit Committee
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
FPA	Federal Power Act
FTE	Full-Time Equivalent
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GADS	Generating Availability Data System
GPC	Governance & Personnel Committee
HERO	Highly Effective Reliability Organization
HRO	Highly Reliable Organization
IRA	Inherent Risk Assessment
IT	Information Technology
MRO	Midwest Reliability Organization
NEL	Net-Energy-for-Load
NERC	North American Electric Reliability Corporation
OGOC	Organizational Group Oversight Committee
RAC	Reliability Advisory Council
RAM	Risk Assessment and Mitigation
RE	Regional Entity
RISC	Reliability Issues Steering Committee
SAC	Security Advisory Council

SAG	Standard Application Guide
SOA	Statement of Activities
TADS	Transmission Availability Data System

Appendix C

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